Evangelical Theological College Bulletin

Catalog Number 1932

Evangelical Theological College Bulletin

Published During the Months of November, January, March and June

(Entered as Second Class Matter, at the Post Office at Dallas, Texas, under Act of March 3, 1879)

Volume VIII

MARCH, 1932

Number 3

ROLLIN T. CHAFER

Editor of the College Publications

EVANGELICAL THEOLOGICAL COLLEGE

Founded in 1924

 $\diamond \diamond \diamond \diamond$

CATALOG 1931-1932

0000

ANNOUNCEMENT

 $\Diamond\Diamond\Diamond\Diamond$

3901-3931 Swiss Avenue DALLAS, TEXAS

GENERAL INFORMATION

CALENDAR

Eighth Annual Session 1931 - 1932

Saturday, September 26, 1931, 9 A. M.

Opening of 8th annual session, matriculation of students and assignment of rooms.

Tuesday, September 29, 8 A. M.

Classes begin.

Friday, October 2, 8 P. M.

Faculty reception for students in the Lounge of Stearns Hall.

Sunday, October 4

Opening sermon.

Thursday, November 26

Thanksgiving Day. Union testimony service at the First Presbyterian Church.

Saturday, December 19, 2 P. M.

Christmas vacation begins. Tuesday, January 5, 1932, 10 A. M.

Christmas vacation ends.

Tuesday to Saturday, January 19 to 23

Midyear examinations.

Tuesday, January 26

Spring semester begins

Tuesday to Saturday, March 29 to April 2

W. H. Griffith Thomas Memorial lectures.

Tuesday, May 3

Final examinations begin.

Saturday, May 7

Annual reception, conducted by the Ladies' Auxiliary.

Sunday, May 8

Baccalaureate sermon.

Monday, May 9, 1 P. M.

Alumni dinner and annual meeting.

8 P. M.

Annual prayer meeting.

Tuesday, May 10, 1 P. M.

Annual meeting of the Board of Incorporate Members.

Sixth annual Commencement. Address to the graduating class, conferring of Degrees and presentation of Diplomas.

Ninth Annual Session 1932 - 1933

Saturday, September 24, 1932, 9 A. M.

Opening of 9th annual session, matriculation of students and assignment of rooms.

Tuesday, September 27, 8 A. M. Classes begin.

Friday, September 30, 8 P. M.

Faculty reception for students in the Lounge of Stearns Hall.

Sunday, October 2, 4 P. M. Opening sermon.

Thursday, November 24

Thanksgiving Day. Union testimony service at the First Presbyterian Church.

Thursday, December 22, 1 P. M. Christmas vacation begins.

Tuesday, January 3, 1933, 10 A. M. Christmas vacation ends.

Tuesday to Saturday, January 17 to 21 Midyear examinations.

Tuesday, January 24
Spring semester begins.

Tuesday to Saturday, March 28 to April 1 W. H. Griffith Thomas Memorial lectures.

Tuesday, May 2
Final examinations begin.

Saturday, May 6
Annual reception, conducted by the Ladies' Auxiliary.

Sunday, May 7
Baccalaureate sermon.

Monday, May 8, 1 P. M.

Alumni dinner and annual meeting.

8 P. M.

Annual Prayer Meeting.

Tuesday, May 9, 1 P. M.

Annual meeting of the Board of Incorporate Members.

8 P. M.

Seventh annual Commencement. Address to the graduating class, conferring of Degrees and presentation of Diplomas.

4

EVANGELICAL THEOLOGICAL COLLEGE BULLETIN

BOARD OF INCORPORATE MEMBERS

LEWIS SPERRY CHAFER, D.D., President	Dallas, Texas
WM. M. Anderson, D.D., Vice President	Dallas, Texas
E. N. Brooks	Seattle, Washington
Frederick Z. Browne, D.D.	Texarkana, Texas
Rollin T. Chafer, Secretary	
Adam H. Davidson	Dallas, Texas
Arno C. Gaebelein, D.D.	New York, N. Y.
Norman B. Harrison, D.D.	Minneapolis, Minn.
HENRY A. IRONSIDE, LITT.D.	Chicago, Ill.
Paul Kirkpatrick	Dallas, Texas
Fred M, Leach	Detroit, Mich.
C. FRED LINCOLN, Business Manager and Assistant T	reasurerDallas, Texas
HERBERT MACKENZIE, D.D.	Cleveland, Ohio
Ira T. Moore, Treasurer	Dallas, Texas
JAMES L. PRICE	Dallas, Texas
SIDNEY T. SMITH	Winnipeg, Canada
LAWRENCE THOMAS	Dallas, Texas
H, R, Todd	Atlanta, Ga.
Elmer J. Voorhis, D.D.S.	Dallas, Texas
A. B. Winchester, D.D.	Toronto, Canada

BOARD OF REGENTS

Lewis Sperry Chafer, D.D., Chairman	Dallas, Texas
Frederick Z. Browne, D.D.	Texarkana, Texas
ROLLIN T. CHAFER, Secretary	Dallas, Texas
Norman B. Harrison, D.D.	Minneapolis, Minn,
HENRY A. IRONSIDE, LITT.D. HERBERT MACKENZIE, D.D.	
A. B. Winchester, D.D.	

BOARD OF TRUSTEES

PAUL KIRKPATRICK, Chairman	Dallas, Texas
Lewis S. Chafer, D.D.	Dallas, Texas
Adam H. Davidson	
C. FRED LINCOLN, Secretary	
Ira T. Moore	
JAMES L. PRICE.	
LAWRENCE THOMAS	
Elmer J. Voorhis, D.D.S.	

Ninth Annual Session

1932 - 1933

Saturday, September 24, 1932, 9 A. M.

Opening of 9th annual session, matriculation of students and assignment of rooms.

Tuesday, September 27, 8 A. M. Classes begin.

Friday, September 30, 8 P. M.

Faculty reception for students in the Lounge of Stearns Hall.

Sunday, October 2, 4 P. M. Opening sermon.

Thursday, November 24

Thanksgiving Day. Union testimony service at the First Presbyterian Church.

Thursday, December 22, 1 P. M. Christmas vacation begins.

Tuesday, January 3, 1933, 10 A. M. Christmas vacation ends.

Tuesday to Saturday, January 17 to 21 Midyear examinations.

Tuesday, January 24
Spring semester begins.

Tuesday to Saturday, March 28 to April 1 W. H. Griffith Thomas Memorial lectures.

Tuesday, May 2 Final examinations begin.

Saturday, May 6
Annual reception, conducted by the Ladies' Auxiliary.

Sunday, May 7
Baccalaureate sermon.

Monday, May 8, 1 P. M.

Alumni dinner and annual meeting.

8 P. M.

Annual Prayer Meeting.

Tuesday, May 9, 1 P. M.

Annual meeting of the Board of Incorporate Members.

8 P. M.

Seventh annual Commencement. Address to the graduating class, conferring of Degrees and presentation of Diplomas.

BOARD OF INCORPORATE MEMBERS

LEWIS SPERRY CHAFER, D.D., President	Dallas, Texas
WM. M. Anderson, D.D., Vice President	Dallas, Texas
E. N. Brooks	Seattle, Washington
Frederick Z. Browne, D.D.	Texarkana, Texas
ROLLIN T. CHAFER, Secretary	Dallas, Texas
ADAM H. DAVIDSON	Dallas, Texas
Arno C. Gaebelein, D.D.	
NORMAN B. HARRISON, D.D.	
HENRY A. IRONSIDE, LITT.D.	
Paul Kirkpatrick	Dallas, Texas
FRED M. LEACH.	
C. FRED LINCOLN, Business Manager and Assistant	TreasurerDallas, Texas
HERBERT MACKENZIE, D.D.	
Ira T. Moore, Treasurer	
James L. Price	
SIDNEY T. SMITH.	Winnipeg, Canada
LAWRENCE THOMAS	Dallas, Texas
H. R. Todd	Atlanta, Ga.
Elmer J. Voorhis, D.D.S.	Dallas, Texas
A. B. Winchester, D.D.	
	•

BOARD OF REGENTS

Lewis Sperry Chafer, D.D., Chairman	Dallas, Texas
WM. M. ANDERSON, D.D.	
Frederick Z. Browne, D.D.	
ROLLIN T. CHAFER, Secretary	Dallas, Texas
Arno C. Gaebelein, D.D.	
NORMAN B. HARRISON, D.D.	Minneapolis, Minn.
HENRY A. IRONSIDE, LITT.D.	Chicago, Ill.
HERBERT MACKENZIE, D.D.	
A. B. Winchester, D.D.	

BOARD OF TRUSTEES

PAUL KIRKPATRICK, Chairman	Dallas, Texas
Lewis S. Chafer, D.D.	
Adam H. Davidson	
C. FRED LINCOLN, Secretary	
Ira T. Moore	
JAMES L. PRICE	
LAWRENCE THOMAS	Dallas, Texas
ELMER J. VOORHIS, D.D.S.	Dallas, Texas

ADMINISTRATION OFFICERS

LEWIS SPERRY CHAFER, D.D. PRESIDENT

WILLIAM M. ANDERSON, JR., D.D. VICE PRESIDENT

ROLLIN T. CHAFER

REGISTRAR

SECRETARY OF THE FACULTY, BOARD OF INCORPORATE MEMBERS AND BOARD OF REGENTS

IRA T. MOORE

C. FRED LINCOLN

BUSINESS MANAGER AND ASSISTANT TREASURER, SECRETARY OF THE BOARD OF TRUSTEES

JOHN R. BEALL, M.D. MEDICAL ADVISER

MRS. C. L. YORK

STUDENT ORGANIZATION

President		
LORNE H. BELDEN ('33)	Winnipeg, Manitoba	
B.A., University of Manitoba	/	
Vice President		
CARL R. WOLL ('33)	Philadelphia, Pa.	
B.S., Lehigh University	• /	
Secretary and Treasurer		
WILTON M. NELSON ('34)	Oakland, Neb.	
A.B., Wheaton College	•	
Dormitory Chairman		
ISAAC M. BRUBACHER ('34)	Farmersville, Pa.	
A.B., Wheaton College	•	
Christian Service Chairman		
FREDERICK A. STROUD ('33)	Taylorville, Ill.	
A.B., Lincoln College		

LOCATION

The College is situated on Swiss Avenue, extending from St. Joseph Street to Apple Street near a good residential section of Dallas and close in to the business district of the city. The city of Dallas is located on the Trinity River in the famous black land belt of North Texas, and is the commercial distributing center of the Southwest. It is served by nine railways and six interurban electric lines; has 130 hotels, the largest containing 800 rooms; 200 churches; 80 private schools, colleges and universities; 72 newspapers, magazines and periodicals; over 700 factories; and 127 miles of street railway lines, serving a population of 300,000 in the city's corporate limits and immediate suburbs.

THE CONTROL AND MANAGEMENT

The Evangelical Theological College was founded in 1924 and incorporated under the laws of Texas by the temporary Board of Trustees. It is an independent institution, drawing its Board of Incorporate Members, Faculty and student body from the various evangelical denominations and fellowships. At the time of organization a formal creed covering the various departments of Christian doctrine was adopted, to which all the members of the Faculty and Board of Incorporate Members are required to subscribe annually.

The control of the College is vested in the Board of Incorporate Members. The details of administration and management, however, are carried out by two subsidiary boards whose members are chosen from the membership of the Board of Incorporate Members, and whose respective designations and duties are as follows: (1) Board of Regents, to whom is entrusted the educational, curricular and spiritual affairs, also the nomination of Professors and Instructors for election to fill vacancies on the Faculty. (2) Board of Trustees, to whom is committed the direction of the financial and business affairs. The work of these two Boards is reviewed at the annual meeting of the Board of Incorporate Members.

HISTORY OF THE COLLEGE

Like most substantial and enduring growths, the roots of the educational plan which eventuated in the establishment of the Evangelical Theological College were first nurtured in prepared soil and then transplanted before the visible results were achieved. Leaders in conservative Christian circles had recognized for several years a wide-spread demand for a new type of theological seminary which should not be related to any denomination but open to qualified men from any evangelical fellowship who should appreciate its new plan. In 1921 Dr. Lewis Sperry Chafer, then of New York City,

invited Dr. Alex B. Winchester, Pastor Extra Muros of Knox Presbyterian Church, Toronto, Canada, and Dr. W. H. Griffith Thomas, then of Philadelphia, but formerly professor at Oxford University, England, a noted Anglican scholar and minister, to meet him at Atlanta, Georgia, for conference over the possibilities and plan of such a school. Writing of this conference some years later Dr. Winchester said: "It was a blessed and memorable occasion—in some sort, a 'Mount of Transfiguration,' where we 'saw no man but Jesus only.' It was powerfully borne home to our hearts that the time for action had come. The name, distinctive characteristics and doctrinal basis of the college were determined." The results of this conference gradually became known during the next two years, and overtures looking toward the location of the proposed school came to the conferees from a number of centers of Christian activity.

In 1923 Dr. Chafer came to Dallas to fill a conference engagement, and while here broached the proposed plan to Dr. Wm. M. Anderson, Pastor of the First Presbyterian Church of Dallas, and Dr. W. Irving Carroll, Pastor of the First Presbyterian Church of Marshall, Texas. Dr. Anderson called together for conference on the subject a company of ministers and Christian laymen. After several meetings of this group a temporary organization was formed and the movement eventuated in the founding of the College. Dr. Chafer was elected President and Dr. Anderson was made Vice President. A week later a temporary Board of Trustees was formed which included the following brethren: Mr. Rhodes S. Baker, Chairman: the late Mr. E. M. Powell, Vice Chairman; Rev. Wm. Fred Galbraith. Secretary; Mr. Wm. S. Mosher, Treasurer; Lewis Sperry Chafer. Dr. Wm. M. Anderson, Jr., Dr. T. O. Perrin, all of Dallas: Dr. W. Irving Carroll, Marshall; Dr. Robert Hill, Tyler; Rev. Luther Rees, Paris, and eleven business men of Dallas, a majority of whom have served as members of the permanent Board. A creedal statement was carefully drawn and adopted, the time for beginning the work definitely settled and the name, as originally suggested at the Atlanta meeting, formally adopted. Of those who were active in the formation of the first Board Dr. Chafer, as President, and Dr. Carroll have served continuously on the faculty, and Dr. Anderson part time on the faculty but continuously as Vice President.

In May, 1924, Rev. Rollin T. Chafer was engaged to organize the work preparatory to the opening of the first session on October 1. The College was made known, a student body enrolled and a temporary home equipped for the work. The College was chartered under the laws of Texas the following spring and a permanent Board of Trustees was elected, with Dr. Wm. M. Anderson, Jr., as Chairman.

The College continued under this form of organization until December, 1929, when a broader plan was adopted. The control of the College was transferred from the Board of Trustees to a larger body named the Board of Incorporate Members. This larger board appoints its members to smaller boards for various duties as outlined under the paragraph entitled, The Control and Management.

In joining our many friends in thanksgiving to God for having brought the plan to fruition, we ascribe all accomplishments and leading from year to year to His grace, for every step bears the tokens of His provision and care.

CONSTITUTION

ARTICLE I.—Organization

The members of the Evangelical Theological College being duly incorporated by the laws of the State of Texas, in 1924, its charter amended as of December 10, 1929, has by its articles of incorporation constituted a Board of Incorporate Members and to said Board it has committed all responsibility of maintenance, administration and promotion of the College. It is further provided by the charter that the Board of Incorporate Members shall commit the execution of its responsibilities as to maintenance, administration and promotion to two representative boards, chosen only from its membership, namely, a Board of Regents, whose duties shall be the controlling of the faculty and the educational and spiritual interests; and a Board of Trustees, directing the property and financial interests of the College; the precise duties of these two representative boards being prescribed in the by-laws of the Corporation.

ARTICLE II.—The Purpose of the College

The purpose of the Evangelical Theological College is to provide and maintain the highest standards of theological instruction leading to the degree of Bachelor of Theology, including in its discipline not less than three school years of Systematic Theology, one year of Old Testament Introduction, two years of Hebrew Language and Exegesis, one year of New Testament Introduction, one year of Greek Language and two years of New Testament Exegesis, two years of Homiletics, one year of Public Speaking, two years of Church History, one year of History of Theology, three vears of Analysis of the English Bible, one year of the Realization of the Spiritual Life, with suitable courses in Pastoral Theology, Missions, Evangelism, Religions, Ancient and Modern, and the other usual forms of Christian work. Postgraduate courses of equally high standards are to be provided which will lead, by one year of additional study, to the degree of Master of Theology, and two years beyond the Master's degree, to the degree of Doctor of Theology. Precise descriptions covering these courses are to be set forth in the annual catalog of the College. It is further the purpose of this College to teach and defend that body of conservative truth which

has been held by evangelical protestantism, believing in the inerrant authority of the Scriptures, which are interpreted according to the premillennial system of doctrine as set forth in the Doctrinal Statement of the College, drawn up by its founders, copyrighted by the college in the year 1924, and formally adopted in March, 1925.

ARTICLE III.—Members of the Various Boards

No man shall be considered eligible to serve on any Board of this College, who is not a Christian of recognized character and in full intelligent agreement with the ideals and purposes of the College as set forth in its constitution and with its belief as set forth in said Doctrinal Statement. It is further expected of all Board members that they will give the College their loyal support, especially by prayer, and to defend it and shield it under all circumstances. Recognizing the destructive purposes of Satan, it is incumbent on all members of the boards that they pursue the closest fellowship and cooperation in the prosecution of the work committed into their hands. Each member of the Board of Incorporate Members shall sign the above-mentioned Doctrinal Statement each year. The membership of the boards of this College is restricted to men only.

ARTICLE IV .-- The Faculty

It is required that those who serve on the Faculty of this College shall be Christian men of true piety, evangelical and premillenial in belief, and in every particular in agreement with the form of doctrine as set forth in the said Doctrinal Statement of this College, that they shall possess the requisite education to discharge their duties as teachers in this institution and to maintain its scholastic standing. Each member of the Faculty shall sign the Doctrinal Statement each year. The faculty will be limited to men only.

ARTICLE V.—The Students

Each year about 35 young men of requisite qualifications may enter the regular three-year standard course leading to the degree of Bachelor of Theology, the object being to restrict the student body to one hundred, in order that the highest quality of instruction may be maintained. The special course students and postgraduate students will be received in addition to the limited group of regular course students, in such numbers as may be determined by the Faculty. Each and every student in whatever course he is enrolled, must give satisfactory evidence of his saving faith in Christ, the definite dedication of his life to the will of God, and of his natural gifts for, as well as definite call to, the gospel ministry. The A. B. degree or its academic equivalent, is required for entrance to the standard three-year course, which requirement is based on the fact that the discipline of this curriculum presupposes such preparation. Exceptional students who have a good foundation education with

practical experience may be admitted at the discretion of the Faculty. The degree of Bachelor of Theology may be conferred only on those who have gained the A. B. degree or its academic equivalent. The degree of Master of Theology may be conferred only on those who have the A. B. degree or its academic equivalent and the degree of Bachelor of Theology or its Theological equivalent, while the degree of Doctor of Theology may be conferred only on those who have the A. B. degree or its academic equivalent, the degree of Bachelor of Theology and the degree of Master of Theology, or their Theological equivalents. These courses are open only to men.

ARTICLE VI.—Property and Finance

In the confidence that since the College is established by God and that the sole purpose of its existence is to execute what seems to be His will, it is believed He will maintain it both financially and spiritually. Having no denominational or organized support whatever, the College stands, therefore, only upon the basis of faith, and this, we believe, is not only the most Spiritual manner of financing this institution, but it is the will of God that it shall be maintained by faith and prayer apart from direct solicitation of funds, and that any indebtedness and shortage of funds must be interpreted by those in authority as being an indication of the need of earnest and continued prayer and searching of heart that the blessing of God may not be hindered. It is the purpose of this institution to discourage all forms of interminable endowments. It is rather to be requested of all who contemplate gifts or legacies that they release these bounties to the sovereign control of the College. If funds are donated for specific purposes, permission should be secured from the donor whereby the funds can be diverted into other channels, when, in the judgment of the Board of Incorporate Members, the expenditure of funds in the specific way has ceased to be advantageous.

The gifts to the College which are specified for property, buildings and equipment are received by the Board of Incorporate Members in trust and only for the specified purpose. They are not. therefore, to be diverted into other uses even by temporary loans in the form of mortgages or to be used as collateral in realizing available money. In case of a decision by not less than four-fifths of the Board of Incorporate Members to discontinue the Evangelical Theological College, all property may be sold but the funds thus realized are to be used, first, for the satisfaction of every just claim against the College, and second, the remainder, if any, shall be given to institutions for ministerial training and to foreign missionary societies which are in full agreement with the original Doctrinal Statement. the purpose, and the policy of the Evangelical Theological College. The distribution of such funds as may remain after all just claims are paid shall be determined by no less than three-fourths vote of the Board of Incorporate Members.

Legacies or gifts executed in favor of the College, unless otherwise specified, are released wholly to the College to be used in any part of its maintenance, development or equipment at the discretion of the Board of Incorporate Members.

The College also receives annuity gifts, and contracts are issued by the corporation covering these annuities, allowing such interest to the annuitant as may be determined by the Board of Trustees.

All funds which are subject to investment by the Board of Trustees are to be placed where there is the least danger of loss.

Recognizing that the expenditure of gifts in the training of men for the ministry is the execution of a trust, it is the purpose of the officers of the College to administer all of the College finances with the utmost care and economy, and to select only such students as give promise of making the largest possible use of the privileges extended to them.

It is also the policy of the College to charge no tuition fees, and as far as possible to provide dormitory accommodations free of all cost. Likewise all available funds shall be received and disbursed to aid needy students.

ARTICLE VII.—Christian Activities

It is the purpose of the College to maintain stated hours of prayer by its officers and faculty members, and to encourage the prayer life of its students; recognizing that only thus can be realized the high spiritual purposes of the College which depend only on the power of God. The students are to be encouraged to engage in all forms of practical work while in their courses of study, and it is greatly to be desired that the cause of Christian Missions shall be encouraged by every possible means, and the claims of the heathen world be pressed constantly upon the student body.



BUILDINGS

Rented quarters were occupied through the first three and a half sessions of the College. At the beginning of the third year a well located site was purchased through the generosity of Dallas friends and others. Mr. C. H. Griesenbeck, architect, completed a unified scheme for three proposed buildings following a modified Spanish motif with a cloister connecting all the units.

In 1927 Mr. and Mrs. Adam H. Davidson provided the fund for the erection of the first structure of the proposed group of buildings, which in loving devotion to Mr. Davidson's mother, Mrs. Lidie C. Davidson, is named the Lidie C. Davidson Hall. It was completed in December, 1927. A heating plant was installed in the basement

EVANGELICAL THEOLOGICAL COLLEGE BULLETIN

sufficiently large to heat all three buildings. Other space in the basement was used as temporary quarters for kitchen and refectory. The public and private offices and the chapel occupy the first floor. The class rooms are located on the second floor, and the entire third floor, together with two mezzanine floors, accommodates the library.

During the summer of 1928 members of the Bible classes which the late Reverend Daniel Miner Stearns taught in the larger Atlantic seaboard cities for many years provided a fund for the erection of a dormitory to be known as the D. M. Stearns Memorial Hall. The basement of this commodious building includes a large dining hall having full length windows on the street side, a private dining room, kitchens and storage rooms. A large reception room occupies the middle of the second floor which also accommodates the guest rooms, matron's quarters and six dormitory rooms. The two upper floors are devoted to dormitory space, the building affording 44 single rooms, each furnished with lavatory and modern steel furniture. This hall was occupied in January, 1929. The plan of the third building to be built on the east side of the court when provided for will be a duplicate of Stearns Hall, with slight changes in floor plans.

In the summer of 1929, Mr. George T. Bisel of Philadelphia purchased the apartment house adjoining the campus on the east formerly leased by the College for dormitory purposes, adding this property to the College holdings. Eventually this building will be removed to make room for a new dormitory. In the meantime, the twelve apartments in the building are used by married students. A year later Mr. Bisel purchased residence properties immediately east of the apartment house, thus completing the entire frontage on Swiss Avenue of the block extending from St. Joseph Street on the west to Apple Street on the east.

LIBRARY

The reference and general theological library of the late W. H. Griffith Thomas, D. D., selected with discriminating care by him through a long term of years and comprising about 4,500 bound volumes and 1,500 pampniets, was purchased and presented to the College soon after Dr. Thomas' death by Mr. William Nairn of Dundee, Scotland. This became the nucleus of the growing College library, to which was added in 1925 as a gift from the owner the valuable private library of Perry Wayland Sinks, S.T.D. Other substantial gifts to the library have come from Professor H. A. Ironside of the faculty, Mr. Robert Alderman, a member of the Board of Trustees, and Mr. M. H. Brown, besides several small gifts. Several important collections of books were added to the library during 1929 and 1930.

The College is adding new books as fast as the funds are avail-

able. Gifts of standard works on theology and new books of a help-ful nature are always acceptable.

THE COLLEGE BULLETIN

The Evangelical Theological College Bulletin is issued bimonthly during the College session. The first, second and fourth numbers are general in character and present news items of the College life and articles by members of the faculty. The third number is the Annual Catalog and Announcement. Upon application to the editor the name of any one interested in the work of the College will be placed upon the mailing list of the Bulletin without charge.

EXPENSES

There are no tuition fees. Dormitory rooms are furnished rent free, the student being required to furnish bed linen and towels only, although it is well for each student to furnish one or two extra blankets for use in the coldest weather. A small charge covering the room laundry work is made. A nominal charge for rooms will be made for occupancy during the summer vacation to cover the public service costs.

The College conducts a refectory under the management of a competent matron, excellent board being furnished at cost, which runs about \$1.00 a day. The cost of textbooks the first year is about \$25. After the first year the expense of textbooks is much less.

ROTATING LOAN FUND

Recently a student rotating loan fund has been established through the gifts of several donors for this purpose. Others, including Bible classes, have added varying amounts. A considerably larger fund is needed. Students who are eligible to secure help from this fund are required to sign promisory notes to run not longer than two years after the graduation of the borrower.

ALUMNI ASSOCIATION OF THE COLLEGE

The Alumni Association will hold its annual meeting immediately following the alumni dinner at Commencement. The officers for the current year are as follows: President, Rev. Paul F. Bobb ('27), Assistant Pastor, First Presbyterian Church, Dallas, Texas; Vice President, Charles L. Barrow ('31), Austin, Texas; Secretary and Treasurer, Rev. J. Howard Burtner ('31), Palmyra, Pa.

COMMENCEMENT May 5, 1931

Diploma

DANIEL GLASER FINESTONE	Paterson, N. I
GOODLETT HAMILL WATSON	Ballymena, N. Ireland
HENRY LANGE WOLL	Philadelphia, Pa

Bachelor of Theology

RICHARD MENDELSSOHN AMTUTZ	Pandora Ohio
B.S. in Ed., Juniata College	
CHARLES D. FERGUSON BALL	Winnipeg, Manitoba
B.A., University of Manitoba	- "
CHARLES LOUIS BARROW	Austin, Texas
LL.B., University of Texas	
JOHN HOWARD BURTNER	Allentown Pa
A.B., Muhlenberg College	
MORRIS HUMPHREY ROACH	Portland Oregon
A.B., University of Oregon	
GEORGE CARL WESTBERG	Warren Minn
A.B., Muskingum College	,, 411011, 1111111.

Master of Theology

JOSEPH ERNEST PRINGLE. B. Lit., Grove City College, Princeton Theological Seminary (two years)
Th.B., Evangelical Theological College ('20)
Thesis: "Faith"

CHARLES D. FERGUSON BALL Thesis: "Parthenogenesis"

MORRIS HUMPHREY ROACH Thesis: "A Dispensational Study of Babylon"

GEORGE CARL WESTBERG Thesis: "Sins of the Saints"

Doctor of Theology

AUBREY REHERD COFFMAN	At. Morris Illinois
A.B. and A.M., Bridgewater College; Th.B., Princeton Theologic	el Seminary
Th.M., Bethany Bible School	
Thesis: "The Kingdom—Socially and Individually"	

FRED GLOVER, D.D... ...Winnipeg, Manitoba B.A. and M.A., University of Toronto; Diploma and Graduate B.D., Wycliffe College;
Rector, St. Margaret's Church, Winnipeg
Thesis: "The Doctrine of the Holy Spirit in the Light of the Acts"

SEUNG LAK KIM...Pyengyang, Korea Graduate, Union Christian College and Union Theological Seminary, Pyenyang;
Th.M. and Second Graduate Year, Princeton Theological Seminary;
Yale Divinity School
Thesis: "Pneumatology

FACULTY, REGISTER	R AND CURRICULUM
-------------------	------------------

RESIDENT FACULTY

LEWIS SPERRY CHAFER, D.D.

PRESIDENT
SYSTEMATIC THEOLOGY
REALIZATION OF THE SPIRITUAL LIFE

WILLIAM MADISON ANDERSON, A.B., B.D., D.D.

VICE PRESIDENT
LECTURER ON PASTORAL SERVICE AND PRACTICAL PROBLEMS

EVERETT FALCONER HARRISON, A.M., Th.B. SEMITIC LANGUAGES AND OLD TESTAMENT EXEGESIS

HENRY CLARENCE THIESSEN, A.B., B.D., Ph.D. NEW TESTAMENT LITERATURE AND EXEGESIS

JAMES THOMAS SPANGLER, A.M., B.D., D.D. HOMILETICS

MISSIONS NEW TESTAMENT GREEK

WASHINGTON IRVING CARROLL, D.D. ENGLISH BIBLE EXPOSITION

PRACTICAL THEOLOGY (ON LEAVE OF ABSENCE) FRED HAROLD LEACH, A.B., Th.M.

CHURCH HISTORY
HISTORY OF CHRISTIAN DOCTRINE
COMPARATIVE RELIGIONS

ROLLIN THOMAS CHAFER, B.S., Th.M. SECRETARY, REGISTRAR AND EDITOR OF PUBLICATIONS HERMENEUTICS CHRISTIAN EVIDENCES

MORRIS HUMPHREY ROACH, A.B., Th.M. LIBRARIAN ELECT

VISITING FACULTY

LECTURER ON ARCHAEOLOGY MELVIN GROVE KYLE, D.D., LL.D. PITTSBURGH, PENNSYLVANÍA

PROFESSORS OF ENGLISH BIBLE, TEACHING SERIATIM COURSES OF ONE OR TWO MONTHS EACH, THE SERVICE OF WHOM CONSTITUTES THE WORK OF ONE FULL PROFESSORSHIP

MERWIN AUGUSTUS STONE, A.M., D.D. SILOAM SPRINGS, ARKANSAS

ALEXANDER B. WINCHESTER, D.D. TORONTO, CANADA PROFESSOR EMERITUS

HENRY A. IRONSIDE, LITT.D. CHICAGO, ILLINOIS

CARL ARMERDING, A.B. SAN DIEGO, CALIFORNIA

WILLIAM L. PETTINGILL, D.D. WILMINGTON, DELAWARE

HERBERT MACKENZIE, D.D. CLEVELAND, OHIO

THE W. H. GRIFFITH THOMAS MEMORIAL LECTURESHIP

Under this foundation a series of lectures is given each year by an invited guest who is an authority on some subject chosen from the general field of theological study.

No endowment for this lectureship has been provided, and until such a fund is secured the expense attached to the lectureship is being met in the general budget for current expenditures.

Lecturers

- 1926—Professor Henry A. Ironside, Litt.D. Chicago, Illinois.
- 1927—The Reverend Leander S. Keyser, A.M., D.D. Professor of Systematic Theology, Hamma Divinity School. Springfield, Ohio.
- 1928—The Reverend Archibald T. Robertson, D.D., LL.D., Litt.D. Professor of New Testament Interpretation, Southern Baptist Theological Seminary, Louisville, Ky.
- 1929—The Reverend Thornton Whaling, D.D., LL.D., Litt.D. Professor of Systematic Theology, Louisville Presbyterian Theological Seminary, Louisville, Ky.
- 1930—The Reverend Melvin Grove Kyle, D.D., LL.D. Formerly President of Xenia Theological Seminary; Editor of Bibliotheca Sacra; Archæological Editor of the Sunday School Times; Pittsburgh, Pa.
- 1931—The Reverend James Oliver Buswell, A.M., D.D. President of Wheaton College, Wheaton, Ill.

REGISTER OF STUDENTS

Graduate Students

And Other Students Pursuing Graduate Courses

Candidates for the Degree of Doctor of Theology (Th.D.)

GERALD GUYOT LATAL	St. Louis, Mo.	
A.B., Westminster College; Xenia Theological Seminary (2 years);		
Th D and Th M Evengelian Theological College (20)		

- LESLIE EUGENE LINDOWER.....Terra Alta, West Va. A.B., Ashland College; Th.B., Ashland Seminary; Th.M., Evangelical Theological College ('30)
- GEORGE CARL WESTBERG......Wilkes-Barre, Pa. A.B., Muskingum College; Xenia Theological Seminary (1 year); Th.B. and Th.M., and second graduate year, Evangelical Theological College ('31)

1933

MENNO JACOB BRUNK	Harrisonburg, Va.
A.B., Elizabethtown College; Th.B. and Th.M., Prince	eton Theological Seminary
MORRIS HUMPHREY ROACH	Portland, Oregon
A.B., University of Oregon; Th.B. and Th.M., Evange	lical Theological College ('31)

Candidates for the Degree of Master of Theology (Th.M.) 1932

RICHARD MENDELSSOHN AMSTUTZ	Pandora, Ohio
B.S. in Ed., Juniata College; Th. B., Evangelical Theologica	I College ('31)
CHARLES FREDERICK BAKER	Chicago, Ill.
A.B., Wheaton College; Evangelical Theological Colle	ege ('29)
CITADITIC TOUTS DADDOW	A . • 177

CHARLES LOUIS BARROW..... LL.B., University of Texas; Th.B., Evangelical Theological College ('31) RERTRAM BETTERIDGE Sprinfield, Ill.

A.B., Illinois College; Candidate Th.B. Degree, Evangelical Theological College ('32) ELIAS DAUB BRESSLER.....Alva, Okla.

A.B., Lebanon Valley College; Candidate Th.B. Degree, Evangelical Theological College ('32) ARTHUR JOHNSTON DIEFFENBACHER

A.B., Grove City College; Candidate Th.B. Degree, Evangelical Theological College ('32) DANIEL GLASER FINESTONE..... Evangelical Theological College ('31); Candidate A.B. Degree, Detroit

Institute of Technology LEWIS GRANT RANDAL..... ..Vashon, Wash. A.B., Whitworth College; Candidate Th.B. Degree, Evangelical Theological College ('32) JOHN PRESTON SIMMONS..... .. Picayune, Miss.

A.B., Southwestern College; B.D., Columbia Theological Seminary WILLIAM RUSSELL STRAW..... WILLIAM RUSSELL STRAW.......Harrisburg, Pa. A.B., Dickinson College; Candidate Th.B. Degree, Evangelical Theological College ('32)

JUNIUS ALLEN WADE...

A.B., Westminster College; Trevecca College; Candidate Th.B. Degree, Evangelical Theological College ('32)

1933

JUAN DELMENDO	Bacnotan, Philippine Islands
A.B., University of Oregon; A.B. in Theol.	, Eugene Bible University
HENRY GEORGE VORSHEIM, JR	Portsmouth, Ohio
B.S., Armour Institute of Technology; Th.B., Evan	ngelical Theological College ('29)

Undergraduate Students Pursuing Graduate Courses Leading to the Degree of Master of Theology (Th.M.)

WILLARD MAXWELL ALDRICH	Tacoma, Wash.
A.B., Wheaton College	•
CARL ERNEST ANDERSON	Moline, Ill.
A.B., Wheaton College LORNE HOWE BELDEN	Winning Manitoba
B.A., University of Manitoba	
ISAAC BRUBACHER	Farmersville, Pa.
A.B., Wheaton College	W-1 Dat 1
WILLIAM HENRY CARL EBELING	Kalamazoo, Mich.
CHARLES LEE FEINBERG	Wilkinsburg Pa
A.B., University of Pittsburgh	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
ELMER HOWARD HENDERSON	Winnipeg, Manitoba
B.A., University of Manitoba	Ch: TII
ERNEST LLEWELLYN HOOVERA.B., Wheaton College	Cnicago, III.
HERBERT ELLIS KANN	Harrisburg, Pa.
A.B., Hampden-Sidney College	
STUART LAW	Dundee, Scotland
M.A., University of Glasgow LIVIUS POINDEXTER McCLENNY	C W 1
A.B., Wheaton College	
	Winchester, Va.
A.B., Hampden-Sidney College	•
JAMES GRAFTON SPENCER	Port Gibson, Miss.
A.B., Southwestern College	E C LOU
STANLEY SAGE STOCK	East Cleveland, Ohio
FREDERICK ARTHUR STROUD.	
A.B., Lincoln College	24,101,1110,111
	Racine, Wis.
A.B., Wheaton College	Distribute De
CARL RICHARD WOLL B.S., Lehigh University	rmadeipma, Pa.
B.S., Lenigh University	

Other Undergraduate Students Pursuing Extracurriculum Courses

WARWICK AIKEN	Memphis, Tenn.
Tulane University	- ·
ARCHER EDWARD ANDERSON	Fort Worth, Texas
Philadelphia School of the Bible	
HOBART WARREN BENNETT	Alma, Neb.
Johnston Bible College; Omaha Bible Institute	•
STUART PRESTON BENSON	Swaledale, Iowa
Northwestern Bible School	ŕ
ELMER CHARLES BEUTLER	Cicero, Ill.
Northern Baptist Seminary	
PONTIFF WARWICK BRANDON	Paris, Texas
Birmingham Southern College	
MILFORD WALTER CASTRODALE	Vestern Springs, III
Moody Bible Institute	
KENNETH BRYANT DANIELS	Delhi, Cal.
Bible Institute of Los Angeles	
WALTER JAMES FEELY	
Penn State College; Lafayette College; Princeton Theological Se	minary (2 years)
RALPH BARTON GAMEWELL	Haddonfield, N. J.
The Bob Jones College	
PAUL GRATTAN GUINNESS	London, England
Christ's Hospital College	

ANDREW HERBERT JOHNSON.

JACOB WILLIAM LIMKEMANN.

ROBERT HENDERSON RIDLEY.

DANIEL FLEMING SCHELLENBERG.

STEPHEN ALBERT WOODRUFF, JR

ANGUS MACMURRAY ROSS

WILBUR WASSON SCAFE

CHARLES FINNEY YODER.

FRITZ SCHWARZ.

WARWICK AIKEN...

BERTRAM BETTERIDGE

ELIAS DAUB BRESSLER

MILFORD WALTER CASTRODALE.

ARTHUR JOHNSTON DIEFFENBACHER

KENNETH BRYANT DANIELS.

RALPH BARTON GAMEWELL

ROBERT HOWARD GOULD.

WALTER DUNCAN HAWK.

HERMAN DAVID JUROE

LEWIS GRANT RANDAL

JUNIUS ALLEN WADE.

FULTON CAMPBELL LYTLE

WILLIAM RUSSELL STRAW.

STEPHEN ALBERT WOODRUFF, JR...

ANDREW HERBERT JOHNSON.

HERMAN DAVID JUROE

PAUL HAROLD MARX..

WILTON MONS NELSON.

Moody Bible Institute

Moody Bible Institute

B.S., Wheaton College

Wheaton College

A.B., Wheaton College

A.A., Wesley College

Moody Bible Institute

A.B., Tabor College

Prediger Seminar der Deutschen Baptisten

A.B., Wheaton College CHARLES WILFRED STACEY WOODS...Hurtsville, New So, Wales, Australia

Glendale Junior College
Senior Class

Tulane University

A.B., Illinois College

A.B., Lebanon Valley College

Moody Bible Institute

Bible Institute of Los Angeles

A.B., Grove City College

The Bob Jones College

B.S., John B. Stetson University

A.B., Leland Stanford University

Moody Bible Institute

Moody Bible Institute

University of Illinois

A.B., Whitworth College

A.B., Dickinson College

A.B., Westminster College; Trevecca College

A.B., Wheaton College

..Homewood, Ill.

New York, N. Y.

Sutter, Ill.

.Berwyn, Ill.

.Oakland, Neb.

Campbell, Texas

..Nairn, Scotland

..Hillsboro, Kan.

..Los Angeles, Cal.

.Memphis, Tenn.

.Springfield, Ill.

.Western Springs, Ill.

....Alva, Okla.

.Delhi, Cal.

....Erie. Pa.

Haddonfield, N. J.

.DeLand, Florida

Los Angeles, Cal.

... Homewood, Ill.

..New York, N. Y.

Haddonfield, N. J.

..Vashon, Wash.

Harrisburg, Pa.

..Magnolia, Ark.

....Chicago, Ill.

.Hamburg, Horn, Germany

..Ripley, Ohio

21

Middle Class

ARCHER EDWARD ANDERSON	Fort Worth, Texas
Philadelphia School of the Bible	Newton Town
Moody Bible Institute	
Moody Bible Institute LORNE HOWE BELDEN	Winnipeg, Manitoba
B.A., University of Manitoba PONTIFF WARWICK BRANDON	Paris, Texas
Birmingham Southern College	FEN 18.1 36.7
JAMES FARWELL COWEE	1 roy, N. Y.
PONTIFF WARWICK BRANDON. Birmingham Southern College JAMES FARWELL COWEE. C.E., Pennsylvania Military College WALTER JAMES FEELY. Penn State College; Lafayette College; Princeton Theological PAUL GRATTAN GUINNESS.	Manhattan, Mont.
Penn State College; Lafayette College; Princeton Theological	London England
PAUL GRAITAN GUINNESS Christ's Hospital College	
PAUL GRATTAN GUINNESS Christ's Hospital College MANFORD GEORGE GUTZKE University of Manitoba (2 years); A.B., Southern Metho	Dallas, Texas
University of Manitoba (2 years); A.B., Southern Metho ELMER HOWARD HENDERSON	Winning Manitoha
R.A. University of Manitoba	w minpeg, manitoba
B.A., University of Manitoba ERNEST LLEWELLYN HOOVER	Chicago, Ill.
A.B., Wheaton College	TI 11 D
HERBERT ELLIS KANN. A.B., Wheaton College HAROLD PAUL MARX. A.B., Hampden-Sidney College	Harrisburg, Pa.
HAROID PAIII. MARX	Berwyn, Ill.
Wheaton College	
RAYMOND NORMAN OHMAN Moody Bible Institute HAROLD MINER PALMER	Chicago, Ill.
Moody Bible Institute	Oklahoma City Okla
HARULU MINER PALMER John Brown College	Okranoma City, Okra.
ANGUS MacMURRAY ROSS	Nairn, Scotland
PRESTON ORR SARTELLE	Winchester, Va.
A.B., Hampden-Sidney College WILBUR WASSON SCAFE	D: 1 O:
WILBUR WASSON SCAFE	Ripley, Onio
Moody Bible Institute GEORGE F. CURRIE SCHROEDER	Atlantic City, N. I.
Moody Bible Institute	
Moody Bible Institute FRITZ SCHWARZ	mburg, Horn, Germany
Prediger Seminar der Deutschen Baptiste JAMES GRAFTON SPENCER	n Dont Cilean Miss
JAMES GRAFTON SPENCER	rort Gibson, Wiss.
A.B., Southwestern College STANLEY SAGE STOCK	East Cleveland, Ohio
B.A., McMaster University; M.A., Western Reserve	University
B.A., McMaster University; M.A., Western Reserve FREDERICK ARTHUR STROUD. A.B., Lincoln College CARL RICHARD WOLL. B.S. Labich University	Taylorville, Ill.
CART RICHARD WOLL	Philadelphia Pa
CHARLES WILFRED STACEY WOODSHurtsville, N	ew So. Wales, Australia
Innion Class	

Junior Class

WILLARD MAXWELL ALDRICH	Tacoma, Wash.
A.B., Wheaton College CARL ERNEST ANDERSON	
A.B., Wheaton College	
HORART WARREN BENNETT	Alma, Neb.
Johnston Bible College; Omaha Bil STUART PRESTON BENSON	Swaledale, Iowa
Northwestern Bible Scho	ol
ISAAC BRUBACHERA.B., Wheaton College	Farmersville, Pa.
THOMAS GORE BUELL.	Homewood, Ill.
Wheaton College	W/ M
MAYWOOD JOSEPH DOANA.B. and B.S. in Ed., Central Missouri Sta	te Teachers' College

Evangelio	AL THEOLO	OGICAL COLL	EGE BULLETI

23

REPRESENTATION

Colleges

American College (Bulgaria)	1
Armour Institute of Technology.	1
Ashland College	1
Bethany College	1
Birmingham Southern College	1
Bob Jones College	1
Central Missouri State Teachers' College	1
Christ's Hospital College (England)	1
Cincinnati College of Pharmacy	1
Cincinnati College of Pharmacy Dickinson College	1
Eastern Mennonite College	1
Elizabethtown College	1
Glasgow, University of (Scotland)	1
Glendale Junior College	1
Grove City College	ī
Hampden-Sidney College	$\bar{2}$
Illinois College	ī
Illinois, University of	ī
John Brown College	ī
Juniata College	ī
Lafavette College	- 1
Lafayette College Lebanon Valley College	1
Leland Stanford University	ī
Lehigh University	ī
Lehigh University Lincoln College	ī
Manitoba, University of	- 3
McMaster University	1
Muskingum College	ī
Oregon, University of	2
Pennsylvania Military College	1
Pittsburgh, University of	ī
Southern Methodist University	2
Southwestern College (Tenn.)	2
Southwestern University (Texas)	1
Stetson University	ī
Tabor College	ī
Texas, University of	ĩ
Tulane University	ī
Wesley College	
Western Reserve University	ī
Westminster College (Missouri)	î
Westminster College (Texas)	ī
Wheaton College	$1\overline{5}$
Whitworth College	ĩ
Number of Colleges represented	$4\overline{4}$

WILLIAM HENRY CARL EBELING	Kalamazoo, Mich.
A.B., Wheaton College	,
CHARLES LEE FEINBERG.	Wilkinsburg, Pa.
A.B., University of Pittsburgh	
CHARLES GORTON	Racine, Wis.
A.B., Wheaton College	
M.A., University of Glasgow	Dundee, Scotland
JACOB WILLIAM LIMKEMANN.	Sutter III
LIVIUS POINDEXTER McCLENNY	Seattle, Wash.
A.B., Wheaton College	
WILTON MONS NELSON	Oakland, Neb.
DANIEL FLEMING SCHELLENBERG	Hillsboro, Kan.
WILLIAM HENRY SCHOBERT.	T
A.B., Wheaton College	Racine, Wis.
	Hantaniii Oli
Esstern Mannanita Callens	Hartsville, Ohio
CHARLES TILDEN TALLY, IT	Dallag Towas
Southwestern University	
CARL GEORGE TORGES.	Portsmouth Ohio
Cincinnati Conege of Pharmacy; Moody Bible I	nstitute
TOW VAN PUFFELEN	Der Haag, Holland
Ampacht School	the control of the co
	Racine, Wis.
A.B., Wheaton College	T 1 1 0 1
Glendale Junior College	Los Angeles, Cal.
Giendale author College	

Full Time Special Students

VASIL GEORGE ANGELOFFStob, D	unnishka Bulgaria
ELMER CHARLES BEUTLER	Cicero III
Northern Baptist Seminary	
CHARLES FRED LINCOLN	Dallas Tayas
ROBERT HENDERSON RIDLEY	Campbell Texas
A.A., Wesley College	dampben, 1exas
JOHN ARVID YOUNGBERG	San Diego Col
Swedish Free Church Bible Institute	Diego, Cal.

Partial Students

LEWIS C	ORLETT	Dallas Texas
MODACANT	A.B., Bethany College	Dailas, 10xas
NORMAN	DOUGLAS DYER	Rylie Tevas
McCLAIN	ELDER	Dellas Tarras

Seminaries

Ashland Seminary Biblical Seminary Columbia Seminary Eugene Bible University. Northern Baptist Seminary Prediger Seminar der Deutschen Baptist Princeton Seminary Trevecca College Xenia Seminary Number of seminaries represented	en 1 2 1 1 1 1 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
Arkānsas 1 California 4 Florida 1 Illinois 13 Iowa 2 Kansas 1 Michigan 1 Mississippi 2 Missouri 2 Montana 1 Nebraska 2 New Jersey 4	New York 2 Ohio 6 Oklahoma 2 Oregon 1 Pennsylvania 7 Tennessee 1 Texas 10 Virginia 2 Washington 3 West Virginia 1 Wisconsin 3 Number of states represented 23
Bulgaria 1 Canada 2 England 1 Germany 1 Holland 1	

$\Diamond \Diamond \Diamond$

Total number of students enrolled.

CHAPEL EXERCISES AND PRAYER-MEETINGS

The faculty and student body gather at 10 a.m. Tuesdays, Wednesdays, Thursdays and Fridays for morning prayers in the Chapel. Members of the faculty and visiting friends conduct the services. At the call of the president of the College the students, faculty and trustees gather from time to time for an evening of song, prayer and testimony, in addition to a stated monthly meeting for prayer and praise. The organized student body also holds frequent meetings for prayer and fellowship. Members of the Faculty and official Boards meet three times a week in prayer for God's direction in the conduct of the work of the College and for financial support in all of its departments. We invite all friends of the College to join us at their homes in prayer at the stated hours, which are 4:30 to 5:30 p. m., Tuesdays and Thursdays, and at noon on Saturdays.

CURRICULUM

The curriculum of studies comprises the various departments of the standard theological training. While maintaining a proper balance amongst the various subjects taught, the allotment of time to them has been so arranged as to provide for an exceptionally rich exegetical, analytical, synthetical and expository training in the Holy Scriptures,—the sine qua non of the preacher's preparation. The aim of the College is not only to graduate proficient theologians but also to furnish them a thorough training for the teaching and preaching of the Word of God.

Outline of Prescribed Course Leading to Diploma with Degree of Bachelor of Theology (Th.B.), or, for Students Lacking Full Academic Prerequisites, to Diploma without Degree

The required studies are arranged in schools comprising related subjects, and are so organized as to afford the proper progressiveness and comprehensibility to the entire course, and the following of this order is recommended:

FIRST YEAR

		1st Sem.	2d Sem.
101 104 301 401 402 403 501 601 603 701 801	Systematic Theology The Spiritual Life Junior Greek Introduction to the Old Testament Introduction to the New Testament Hermeneutics Church History Homiletics (Text) Public Speaking English Bible Exposition Religions, Ancient and Modern	3 hours 1 hour 2 hours 1 hour	3 hours 1 hour 2 hours 1 hour 1 hours 1 hours
802	Archaeology	$1~\mathrm{hour}$	
	Total, 33 semester hours.	17 hours	16 hours

300 Elements of Greek 4 hours 4 hours (Course for matriculates failing to present credits for prerequisite Greek. Not credited in the prescribed course.)

SECOND YEAR

		1st Sem.	2d Sem.
105 201 302 502 602 604	Systematic Theology Evidences of Christianity Elements of Hebrew Middle Greek Church History Homiletics (Expository) Missions	3 hours 4 hours 2 hours 1 hour 1 hour	3 hours 1 hour 4 hours 2 hours 1 hours
702	English Bible Exposition	4 hours	4 hours
	Total, 34 semester hours.	17 hours	17 hours

THIRD YEAR

		1st Sem.	2d Sem.
103	Systematic Theology	2 hours	2 hours
	Old Testament Exegesis	2 hours	2 hours
	Senior Greek	3 hours	3 hours
	Church History	2 hours	1 hour
504	History of Christian Doctrine	2 hours	2 hours
	Pastoral Theology	1 hour	1 hour
	- · · · · · · · - · - · - - ·	1 hour	
	Evangelism		$1~\mathrm{hour}$
703	English Bible Exposition	4 hours	4 hours
		17 hours	16 hours

Total, 33 semester hours. A total of 100 semester hours required for graduation.

NOTE: Courses are designated by the following system of numbering: The first digit corresponds with the serial number of the department in which the course is listed. The prescribed courses are indicated by the right-hand digits preceded by a zero and running from 1 to a maximum of 9; the elective courses are designated by two right-hand digits beginning with 11. Example: Under the department of Systematic Theology and Apologetics prescribed courses are numbered from 101 to 105, and elective courses from 111 to 119; in the following department, 201 to 202, and 211 to 215, etc.

DESCRIPTION OF COURSES

I. Systematic Theology and Apologetics

The object of this school of the curriculum is to present a comprehensive treatment of Systematic Theology, incorporating, in addition to the usual treatment of the subject, the more extensive demands of the premillenarian interpretation of the Scriptures. Following the Prolegomena seven major divisions of the subject are recognized. and the supreme aim of the course is to ground the student in the teaching of the Scriptures under each of these divisions. In order that the student may grasp more clearly the Bible doctrines thus systematized, distinctly sectarian variations, as well as the heretical departures from Biblical Christianity, are not generally treated in this course, but are reserved for fuller study in another course. This method of separating into two courses, (1) the Biblical material as constituting the normative standards for personal belief and for sermonic and teaching work, and (2) the historical variations of doctrinal opinion, has proven its effectiveness. The lecture method is followed, combined with comparison of classroom instruction with collateral matter from standard works on theology. The student has before him also printed copies of extensive analytical questionnaires prepared by the professor.

101 SYSTEMATIC THEOLOGY.

(1) PROLEGOMENA. Nature and sources of theology.

(2) BIBLIOLOGY. Seven aspects of the subject are considered:
(A) Revelation; (B) Inspiration; (C) Vivification; (D) Illumination; (E) Interpretation; (F) Preservation; (G) Canonicity, or Authority.

- (3) THEOLOGY PROPER. This subject is divided into two main divisions: (A) Theism: (a) The natural theistic arguments fully reviewed; (b) the Biblical theistic doctrines of the persons, attributes, decrees, and names of God. (B) Trinitarianism: (a) Careful treatment given to the general doctrine of the Trinity; (b) extended development of the revelation respecting the separate Persons of the Godhead.
- (4) ANGELOLOGY. Under a threefold treatment the entire revelation concerning the angels of God is investigated: (A) The angel of Jehovah; (B) the unfallen angels, their rank, titles and ministries; (C) the fallen angels, free and bound, with an extended examination of the Biblical doctrine covering the origin, person, motive, work and destiny of Satan.
- (5) ANTHROPOLOGY. The subject takes a fivefold analysis:
 (A) The Biblical doctrine of the creation of man, with an examination of the evolutionary hypo-

thesis; (B) the trichotomous nature of man created in the image and likeness of God; (C) the origin of man's body, soul and spirit; (D) the fall; (E) sin, its character and penalty, and the doctrine of imputation.

Prescribed, first year, six hours.

PROFESSOR L. S. CHAFER.

102 SYSTEMATIC THEOLOGY.

(6) SOTERIOLOGY. Because of the importance of this division in its bearing upon intelligent gospel preaching, an entire semester is devoted to its study. This subject is treated under two major divisions: (A) The Savior, which division incorporates an extended treatment of the following subdivisions: (a) the general outline of Christology with the seven positions in which Christ is seen; (b) the offices of prophet, priest and king; (c) the sonships; (d) the life and death sufferings of Christ, both in type and antitype; (e) the death of Christ, including the review of the extended body of Scripture bearing on that death, the important words of Scripture relative to the cross, the things accomplished by that death, and the false theories concerning its value; (f) an extended treatment of the doctrine of election, with its relation to the question of the universal value, on the one hand, or the limited value, on the other hand, of Christ's sacrifice; incorporating also a careful analysis of the theories bearing on the elective decrees, and the answer these systems offer to seven fundamental questions; (g) and concluding with a consideration of Christ's present session in heaven. (B) Salvation, including the divine undertaking and its result: (a) the finished work of Christ; (b) the convicting work of the Spirit; (c) the saving work of God, with its thirty-three accomplishments: (d) the keeping work; (e) the delivering work; (f) the empowering work; (g) and the presenting work. The work of the Holy Spirit is considered separately and fully at this point. and in conclusion an analysis is undertaken of human responsibility in relation to saving grace.

(7) ECCLESIOLOGY. This division includes much not generally treated under this subject. The aim is to examine exhaustively the second Pauline revelation, namely, the doctrine of the true Church, which occupies a large place in the structure of Christian truth. The treatment takes the following order: first, introduction, presenting distinctions fundamental to the subject; second, as concerned with the present purpose of God, the Church is contemplated as to her origin, character, formation and consummation, and in her sevenfold relation to Christ; the relation of the Church to the kingdom of God, to the kingdom of heaven, to the earth, to

heaven, to the angels, to Satan and to present service for God, is exhaustively treated; third, the church as a local assembly, with investigation as to the Biblical authority for her organization and ordinances; fourth, the believer's rule of life based on the relationship to the new creation in Christ; (A) the governing principles for the church are contrasted with the governing principles of both the Mosaic law and the Messianic kingdom; (B) the holy demands under grace and the enablement through the Spirit; (C) the divinely provided incentive for a holy life; (D) the believer's walk, warfare, witness and contest.

(8) ESCHATOLOGY. Unlike the usual limited treatment of this subject this course contemplates all in the Scriptures which was predictive at the time of its utterance. Together with the broader treatment of ecclesiology, as outlined above, this course covers that which is necessary for an untrammeled method in Biblical exposition. It includes: (A) General introduction to the entire prophetic scheme of the Scriptures, covering the fact, scope and divine purpose of prophecy; (B) the history of prophecy; (C) the prophetic unfoldment, including the major distinctions-prophecy fulfilled and prophecy unfulfilled, prophecy peculiar to the Old Testament and prophecy peculiar to the New Testament, prophecy related to the time periods, and the forty-three events which are the major subjects of prophecy; (D) the major highways of prophecy; (E) present fulfillment of prophecy; (F) the eternal future of Israel, the nations, the saved, and the lost; (G) the various judgments. Prescribed, second year, six hours. PROFESSOR L. S. CHAFER.

103 (9) DOCTRINAL SUMMARIZATION. In this course about one hundred and eighty-five doctrines are treated. While some of these doctrines have had some consideration in Courses 101 and 102, more or less with the view to an emphasis upon the relation of each to the whole division in which it appears, here in the interest of clarity and accuracy a discriminating summarization of each is given, approached from the angle of its individual and essential character.

Prescribed, third year, four hours. PROFESSOR L. S. CHAFER.

104 REALIZATION OF THE SPIRITUAL LIFE. The aim of this course is to furnish a working knowledge of the revealed spiritual laws which govern true Christian character and service, emphasizing the sufficiency of

the divine provisions; and the heart conditions which qualify holy living and spiritual power in preaching are analyzed. Prescribed, first year, two hours. PROFESSOR L. S. CHAFER.

- EVIDENCES OF CHRISTIANITY. General introduction, followed by a consideration of the various classes of evidences, experimental, internal, external and collateral, with treatment of the Christological and bibliological proofs. Text: A System of Christian Evidence, Keyser. Prescribed, first year, two hours. PROFESSOR CARROLL.
- 111 CHRISTOLOGY. The doctrine of Christ unabridged, that is, not restricted to His person but incorporating also His work and its consummation. The general outline is as follows: (A) Christ of the eternal past; (B) Christ of the Theophanies; (C) Christ incarnate, His theanthropic person, and His impeccability; (D) Christ in His earth life and service; (E) Christ in His sufferings and death: (F) Christ in His present session; (G) Christ returning and reigning; (H) Christ surrendering the mediatorial office, and in the eternity to come. Thesis required. Additional credits may be secured on the basis of fuller research and thesis work. Elective, two hours, 1930-1931 and 1933-1934. PROFESSOR L. S. CHAFER.
- 112 HAMARTIOLOGY. The doctrine of sin, contemplated under the following divisions; (A) Sin defined; (B) the origin of sin; (C) the effect of sin-upon God, upon angels, upon man, the latter taking the following subdivisions: (a) death the effect of original sin; (b) a sin nature the effect of original sin; (c) personal sin, involving guilt; (d) under sin, a judicial divine reckoning; (e) the effect of sin upon creation; (D) the divine remedy for sin: (a) the origin of the divine motive in the covenant of redemption; (b) the execution of the divine plan and the remedies separately considered; (E) the original and final problem—why sin is permitted in the universe. Thesis required. Additional credits based on the amount of work done. Elective, two hours, 1930-1931 and 1933-1934. PROFESSOR L. S. CHAFER.
- 113. OLD TESTAMENT THEOLOGY. A systematic rather than a mere Biblical or historical theology of the Old Testament, presented under the following divisions: (A) Prolegomena; (B) the doctrine of first things-God and

His creation; (C) the beginning of sin, both angelic and human: (D) redemptive foreshadowings, processes, and purposes; (E) typology; (F) priesthood; (G) the prophet and his message; (H) divine government; (I) Old Testament eschatology. Thesis required. Additional credits based on the amount of work done.

Elective, two hours, 1931-1932 and 1934-1935.

PROFESSOR L. S. CHAFER.

114 PISTOLOGY. The doctrine of faith as a postulate in the cognition of truth related to God and His ways with men, under the following outline (A) Faith in its relation to God and His essential character; (B) in its relation to trustworthy records; (C) in its relation to historic facts and prediction; (D) in its relation to personal salvation; (E) in its relation to the Christian's daily life; (F) in relation to service: (G) "the faith"; (H) faith movements; (I) men of faith. Thesis required. Additional credits based on the amount of work done. Elective, one hour (first semester), 1931-1932 and 1934-1935.

PROFESSOR L. S. CHAFER.

PROFESSOR L. S. CHAFER.

PROFESSOR L. S. CHAFER.

- 115 THE DOCTRINE OF PRAYER. Outline of treatment: (A) General introduction: (B) analysis of the prayers of both the Old Testament and the New; (C) the essential features of Christ's prayers; (D) dispensational aspects; (E) the basis, scope, and power of prayer in the new creation; (F) unanswered prayer; (G) the practice of prayer. Thesis required. Additional credits based on the amount of Elective, one hour (second semester), 1931-1932 and 1934-1935.
- 116 DOCTRINE OF GRACE. This course covers a comprehensive analysis of the subject in its three major aspects: (A) Salvation by grace; (B) safe keeping in grace; (C) the life under grace. Treatment in this course is much more exhaustive than is possible under the same subject in Course 102. Thesis required. Additional credits based on the amount of work done. Elective, two hours, 1932-1933 and 1935-1936.

117 NEW TESTAMENT THEOLOGY. This course includes: (A) Doctrines which are identical in the Old Testament and the New; (B) doctrines found in both the Old Testament and the New which show progress in the New Testament; (C) doctrines distinctively new as revealed in the New Testament; (D) distinguishing features: (a) theology of Christ, as revealed in the four Gospels; (b) Johannine theology; (c) Petrine theology; (d) Pauline theology; (C) conclusion—unification of these elements as the distinctive New Testament revelation. Additional credit based upon the amount of work done.

Elective, two hours, 1932-1933 and 1935-1936.

PROFESSOR L. S. CHAFER.

118 DOCTRINES OF THE MYSTERIES OF GOD. An exhaustive outline study of the mysteries of God as revealed in the New Testament, treated under the following divisions: (A) Old Testament introduction to the subject; (B) Mysteries of the Kingdom of heaven; (C) Christ, the mystery of God; (D) the mystery of piety; (E) three mysteries under the time word, "until": (a) mystery of lawlessness; (b) mystery of Israel's blindness; (c) mystery of Babylon; (F) five mysteries related to the "church which is his body": (a) one body-Iraelites and Gentiles; (b) the body's nature—an organism; (c) ministry—messengers, message, and intercession; (d) manner of removal from the earth; (e) the church, the bride of Christ; (G) the mystery finished. Thesis required. Sliding scale of credits based on the comprehensiveness of thesis work accomplished. Elective, two hours, first semester.

PROFESSOR R. T. CHAFER.

INSPIRATION OF THE SCRIPTURES, PLENARY AND VERBAL.

about, and definition of the meaning of, inspiration; (B)
Christ's testimony on the subject; (C) Christ's attitude toward the miraculous element in the Old Testament; (D) the logic of certain passages; (E) the historicity of the Scriptures; (F) scientific accuracy of the Bible; (G) the signal seal of fulfilled prophecy.

Elective, two hours. PROFESSOR CARROLL.

II. Semitic Languages and Old Testament Exegesis
201 ELEMENTS OF HEBREW. The essentials of grammar, with reading in Genesis.

Prescribed, second year, eight hours.

MR. BROOMALL.

OLD TESTAMENT EXECESIS. A study of the Messianic prophecies, in their historical unfolding, on the basis of the Hebrew text. A thesis is required, covering some prominent Old Testament theme.

Prescribed, third year, four hours.

MR. BROOMALL.

211 OLD TESTAMENT TEXTUAL CRITICISM. A study of the Massoretic notes, the parallel passages and the versions, with a view to explaining, as far as possible, how variations have occurred. Prerequisite course, 202.

Elective, two hours.

MR. BROOMALL.

212 ADVANCED HEBREW READING. Selected portions of the historical, prophetical, and poetical books, with emphasis on acquisition of vocabulary and facility in reading. Prerequisite course, 202. Elective, two hours.

MR. BROOMALL.

213 HEBREW SYNTAX. The method of study will be to set forth the principal rules governing parts of speech and sentence structure, with examples from the Hebrew Bible prepared by the students. The course is designed to be an aid in exegetical study.

Prerequisite course, 202.

Elective first semester, two hours.

MR. BROOMALL.

214 BIBLICAL ARAMAIC. A study of the grammar, with reading in Daniel and Ezra. Prerequisite course, 202. Elective, second semester, two hours.

MR. BROOMALL.

III. New Testament Literature and Exegesis

This department endeavors to train the student to do careful exegetical work in the Greek New Testament. In the first half of the undergraduate course great stress is laid on the mastery of forms and the acquistion of a working vocabulary; in the second half, on the study of syntax and work in exegesis. Use is made of the new light shed on the Greek of the New Testament by the papyri, the ostraca, and the inscriptions. Such works as Deissmann's Bible Studies and Light from the Ancient East, Milligan's Here and There Among the Papyri and Selections from the Greek Papyri, and Moulton and Milligan's Vocabulary of the Greek New Testament are available in the library.

Students not presenting credit in Greek for entrance will be required to enroll for course 300, which bears no credit but must be completed before Junior Greek is taken. Students whose ability to carry Junior Greek is doubted will be required to sustain an examination based on Davis' Beginner's Grammar of the Greek New Testament and easy translations from the Epistles of John. If they fail in

this test, they, too, will be required to take course 300 during their first year in residence. Students thus deficient in Greek will be expected to take both courses 301 and 302 during their Middle year.

300 THE ELEMENTS OF GREEK. This is an introductory course and is intended for the student who has had no Greek or who needs a review in the elements of the language. Davis' Beginner's Grammar of the Greek New Testament is the text used. The year is devoted to the study of the declensions and conjugations and the acquisition of a working vocabulary. Thoroughness is the watchword in this course. By constant reviews and much written work the student lays a good foundation for advanced work later on. During the second half of the year the three Epistles of John are read. The Greek Testaments of Westcott and Hort, and of Nestle are used. First year, eight hours, but not credited toward a degree.

301 JUNIOR GREEK. During the first few weeks a thorough review is made of the elements of Greek. This is followed by more advanced work in Robertson and Davis' New Short Grammar of the Greek Testament. The student masters the more difficult declensions and conjugations, enlarges his vocabulary, and begins the study of syntax. Written work is required through the year. John's Gospel is read with care and elementary points of syntax are discussed. Prescribed, first year, four hours. PROFESSOR THIESSEN AND PROFESSOR SPANGLER.

302 MIDDLE GREEK. The study of Robertson and Davis' New Short Grammar of the Greek Testament is completed in the first semester. The entire semester is spent in the study of syntax. During the second semester the student begins work in Robertson's Grammar of the Greek New Testament in the Light of Historical Research. He is now made familiar with the historical method of grammatical study, the nature of the Koine, the place of the New Testament in the Koine, and the individual peculiarities of the various writers of the New Testament. During the first semester he reads rapidly the Gospel of Mark; during the second semester he reads 1 Corinthians, and begins to do work in exegesis. By the application of the principles of syntax he seeks to discover for himself the meaning of the sacred text. Lexicons, commentaries on the Greek text, and the papyri are consulted for the explanation of difficult words, phrases, and clauses. The class discussions supplement the student's individual work. Short term papers are required the second semester. Prescribed, second year, four hours.

PROFESSOR THIESSEN.

PROFESSOR SPANGLER.

303 SENIOR CREEK. The student continues the study of Robertson's Grammar of the Greek New Testament, Advanced work is done in syntax, with special emphasis upon the cases, the prepositions, and the verb. During the first semester the Epistle to the Romans is read. Vocabulary and outline of the book are mastered, and work in exegesis is continued. During the second semester the student does his own exegetical work in the Epistle to the Hebrews. He keeps his work in a note-book and supplements it with notes from the class discussions. Word studies are made and term papers are required. Use is made of the elaborate indexes in Robertson's Grammar, as also of various commentaries and lexicons, in the exegetical work of the year. In addition to Alford's Greek Testament, The Expositor's Greek Testament, Sanday and Headlam, and Hodge are recommended on Romans, and Westcott on Hebrews. Prescribed, third year, six hours. PROFESSOR THIESSEN.

The graduate department is planned for the student who wishes to specialize in the Greek Testament. The courses are so arranged that he may do work in all the books of the New Testament under the guidance of the professor. This becomes possible by beginning specialization in Greek in the Senior year and by offering certain. courses in alternate years, some in regular class work and others in seminars. Thus a Senior may take courses 311 or 314 concurrently with the prescribed work in the department and the remaining courses in two more years of resident study.

311 ADVANCED GRAMMAR. This course aims to take up such parts of Robertson's Grammar of the Greek New Testament as have not been covered in previous courses and to review the parts not fully mastered by this time. More especially are voice, mode, and tense, the various types of clauses, the infinitive and the participle, and the particles and conjunctions studied. The Epistle to the Galatians and the Second Epistle to the Corinthians are read as exercises in grammatical study. By permission from the professor the course may be taken concurrently with 303. Elective, four hours, 1933-34. PROFESSOR THIESSEN.

312 TEXTUAL CRITICISM. Inasmuch as the text of our Greek Testament is prepared from a number of manuscripts, the question of how readings are evaluated becomes an important one. An effort is made in this course to familiarize the student with the methods of textual criticism, so that he may not only understand the commentaries in their discussions of the various readings, but also be himself able to

36

evaluate the readings. Robertson's Introduction to the Textual Criticism of the New Testament is the text used, though Warfield's book on this subject is also recommended. Some use is made also of Tischendorf's Novum Testamentum Graece, ed. viii Maj. Prerequisite, course 303. Elective, two hours, first semester, 1933-1934. PROFESSOR THIESSEN.

313 THE SEPTUAGINT. A brief study is made of the origin and literary value of the Septuagint, the Bible from which our Lord and the writers of the New Testament so often quote. Selected portions of the Messianic Psalms and other prophetical writings are read. Comparisons are made with the Hebrew text, but a knowledge of Hebrew is not absolutely essential to success in this course. The Old Testament in Greek, 3 vols., by Swete, is the text used. New Testament and classical Greek grammars, Liddell and Scott's Greek-English Lexicon, and various commentaries on Old Testament books are used. Prerequisite, course 303.

Elective, two hours, second semester, 1933-1934.

PROFESSOR THIESSEN.

THE ESCHATALOGICAL EPISTLES A whole year is spent in the Epistles of Jude and 2
Peter, and the Revelation. This course is a combination recitation and lecture course. The student reads the Greek text and writes papers on such words as parousia, epiphaneia, apokalupsis, bema, thronos, stephanos, diadema, hades, geena, abussos, tartarus, limne tou puros. The professor outlines the books studied and lectures on the Greek text. Grammars, commentaries, and special treatises are used for reference. By permission from the professor this course may be taken concurrently with 303.
Elective, six hours, 1932-1933.
PROFESSOR THIESSEN.

315 HARMONY OF THE GOSPELS. In this course the student reads the four Gospels in Greek. The purpose in studying the Gospels in the form of a harmony is to face and resolve the apparent discrepancies in the several accounts, to note the peculiarities of style employed by the various writers, and to discover the special design of each writer. From cheap editions of the Greek Testament the student constructs his own harmony. The standard Greek grammars and commentaries are used for reference. This course is conducted as a seminar, the student meeting with the professor once a

week for conference and guidance in his work. Papers on special subjects are required. Prerequisite, course 303. Elective, eight hours credit, 1933-1934.

PROFESSOR THIESSEN.

- 316 THE BOOK OF ACTS. The book of Acts is read in the original as the first chapter of church history, because of the bearing it has on the labors of Paul, and as a background for most of his Epistles. The character of Luke's Greek is noted, and the dispensationally transitional character of the book is pointed out. The standard Greek grammars and commentaries are used for reference. This is also a seminar course. Prerequisite, course 303.

 Elective, three hours credit, first semester, 1932-1933.

 PROFESSOR THIESSEN.
- 317 THE PRISON EPISTLES. Another seminar course. The student reads and interprets Paul's letters to the Philippians, to Philemon, to the Colossians, and to the Ephesians. A special study is made of such words as ekklesia, oikonomia, kenosis, pleroma, epouranios, and exanastasis. Term papers are required. Prerequisite, course 303. Elective, two hours credit, second semester, 1932-1933. PROFESSOR THIESSEN.
- study is made of 1 Timothy, Titus, and 2 Timothy, as setting forth the inspired teaching concerning the Christian ministry. Word studies are based on the material of these Epistles. Various aspects of the "last days" are also brought before us for study. The student does his own work in the Epistles and meets with the professor once a week for conference and guidance. Term papers are required. The standard grammars and commentaries are used for reference. Prerequisite, course 303.

 Elective, two hours credit, first semester, 1932-1933.

 PROFESSOR THIESSEN.
- 319 THE GENERAL EPISTLES. The Epistles of James, Peter, John, and Jude are read in this course. This is also a seminar course, the student pursuing his studies under the guidance of the professor. Words peculiar to these Epistles are studied, and term papers are required. The various standard grammars and commentaries are used for reference. Prerequisite, course 303.

 Elective, two hours, credit, second semester, 1932-1933. PROFESSOR THIESSEN.

IV. Biblical Introduction and Hermeneutics

- 401 INTRODUCTION TO THE OLD TESTAMENT. The history of the text; the versions; the formation and extent of the canon; the history of the higher criticism; its claims contrasted with the claims of the Old Testament itself, with particular reference to Pentateuchal criticism; the authenticity of the Old Testament. Prescribed, first year, two hours.

 MR. BROOMALL.
- 402 INTRODUCTION TO THE NEW TESTAMENT. The formation, history and extent of the canon; introduction, including date, authenticity, authorship, etc., to the books of the New Testament; textual criticism; New Testament archaeology.

 Prescribed, first year, two hours.

 MR. BROOMALL.
- BIBLICAL HERMENEUTICS. Biblical hermeneutics distinguished from general hermeneutics; its place in theological encyclopedia and methodology shown in relation to isagogics, textual criticism and exegesis; fundamental axioms; relation of logic to interpretation; major rules governing interpretation; tropical language; accommodation, true and false; rules governing interpretation of prophecy. Throughout the course the following threefold thesis is maintained (A) That the Bible is a self-interpreting book, throwing light upon its own great themes and disclosing the divine purpose in relation thereto; (B) that these inherent laws of interpretation are discoverable; (C) and that compliance with these laws in Bible study is necessary to a true understanding of the divine revelation. The course follows a syllabus prepared by the professor. Prescribed, first year, one hour. PROFESSOR R. T. CHAFER.
- 411 INTRODUCTION TO THE JOHANNINE LITERATURE.

 The date, authorship, authenticity, etc., of the Gospel, Epistles, and Revelation of John are given careful attention. Thesis required. Elective, two hours, 1930-1931.

 MR. BROOMALL.
- 412 INTRODUCTION TO THE PASTORAL EPISTLES. Thesis required. Elective, two hours, 1931-1932.

 The date, authorship, and contents of these Epistles considered; attention given to the major objections of negative criticism; Pauline authorship proved by historical and literary facts. Thesis required. Elective, two hours, 1931-1932.

413 INTRODUCTION TO THE PROPHETIC
BOOKS OF THE OLD TESTAMENT.

ment, and archaeology of the time of the Old Testament prophets is studied; and the date, authorship, etc., of these books are defended against the attacks of "higher critics."

Thesis required.

Elective, two hours, 1931-1932.

MR. BROOMALL.

V. Sacred History

In this school of the curriculum the method of instruction is largely by means of lectures and recitation, together with assigned reading of standard works on the various subjects. An outstanding feature of the work in this department is that, in the interpretation of the history of the visible Church, the truth regarding the unique nature and calling of the New Testament Church is at no time obscured. This is of vital importance, as failure to recognize the purpose of God in this dispensation has resulted, and necessarily so, in a wrong interpretation of Church History.

- 501 CHURCH HISTORY. A general introduction to the entire field of Church History: The preparation of the world for Christ; the origin of Christianity with the related historical problem; the expansion of Christianity under Paul; the progress of Christianity to the close of the Apostolic Age. Text: The Apostolic Age, Purves.

 Prescribed, first year, second semester, one hour.

 MR. LEACH.
- 502 CHURCH HISTORY. From the close of the Apostolic Age to the Reformation: The conflict between Christianity and the Roman Empire; the growth, power, and subsequent decline of the Papacy in the Middle Ages; the rise of Humanism, the Renascence, and foreshadowings of the coming Reformation. Lectures, recitations, and assigned reading in the more complete works of reference on various phases of the subject. Text: History of the Christian Church, Walker. Prescribed, second year, four hours.

 MR. LEACH.
- 503 CHURCH HISTORY. From the Reformation to modern times.

 A continuation of Course 502. The causes, course, and consequences of the Reformation in Europe; the effects of the Age of Enlightenment upon both Romanism and Protestantism; the rise and growth of rationalism and liberalism within the Church; a rapid review of the history of Christianity in America. Lectures, recitations, and assigned reading. Prescribed, third year, three hours.

 MR. LEACH.

The doctrine of the early Church Fathers; the Greek Apologists and the later Greek and Latin Fathers, the Nicene and Post-Nicene theology; Mediæval theology, the rise and development of Scholasticism; the Reformation and Counter Reformation, the formulation of the Creeds, Protestant and Catholic; the modern influence of philosophy and scientific research upon theology. Text: History of Christian Doctrine, Fisher.

Prescribed third year four hours

Prescribed, third year, four hours. MR. LEACH.

505 HISTORY OF CHRISTIAN MISSIONS. The aim of this course is not only to give a comprehensive view of the history of Christian missions, but also to emphasize the large place missions hold in God's purpose for the present age. It is not only provided for volunteers for the foreign field, but for every student that he may more fully appreciate the world-wide need and the divine commission to preach the gospel to every tribe and people. Text: The Progress of World-Wide Missions, Glover.

Prescribed, second year, first semester, one hour.

PROFESSOR SPANGLER.

511 EARLY CHURCH HISTORY. The expansion of Christianity and its conflict with Judaism and paganism in the first five centuries of our era based upon the study of selected patristic writings, in translation. Text: A Source Book for Ancient Church History, Ayer. Lectures and reading, with occasional papers by members of the class on assigned topics. Additional credit on the basis of thesis work. Courses 501 and 502 or their equivalent are a prerequisite for this course.

Elective, two hours (one hour a week throughout the year). MR. LEACH.

512 HISTORY OF THE REFORMATION. An intensive study of this period, dealing with the causes of the Reformation and tracing the history of the movement in the various countries of Western Europe. Attention is also paid to the contemporary reaction within the Roman Catholic Church. Text: The Reformation, Fisher. Lectures and reading of standard works, with discussion of occasional class papers. Additional credit may be arranged for on the basis of thesis work.

Elective, two hours.

MR. LEACH.

513 HISTORY OF THE DOCTRINE A seminar course. The student is of the atonement.

of this fundamental doctrine. These studies are supplemented by further discussion in the classroom. Additional credit may be gained on the basis of thesis work. Prerequisite, Course 504 or its equivalent.

Elective, two hours (one hour a week throughout the year).

MR. LEACH.

THE HISTORY OF PREACHING. A survey of the art of preaching during the Christian centuries.

The lectures will consist mainly of biographical sketches of the great pulpit masters together with occasional selections from their own works. This course is open to Middlers and Seniors as well as graduate students.

Elective, two hours, first semester.

MR. LEACH.

515 MODERN RELIGIOUS LIBERALISM. The course will be divided into two parts. The first part will trace in some detail the development of liberal theology, especially in our own land. The second part will consist of an examination of the leading features of the modernist creed based upon the writings of outstanding liberal theologians. Lectures and assigned reading. Open to Middlers and Seniors. Elective, two hours, second semester.

MR. LEACH.

VI. Homiletics and Practical Theology

- 601 PREPARATION AND DELIVERY OF SERMONS. The instruction is given from textbook and by lecture, including text analysis and outline development. In connection with the instruction students are required to submit briefs of sermons actually preached at some time within the school year, with full information as to time and place. Each student must present at least one written sermon per semester. Text: Preparing to Preach, Breed. Prescribed. first year, two hours.

 PROFESSOR SPANGLER.
- 602 EXPOSITORY PREACHING. The aim is to ground the student in the principles governing effective expository preaching. Scripture passages of varying length and comprehensiveness are assigned for expository treatment to be criticized by the professor.

 Prescribed, second year, two hours PROFESSOR SPANGLER.

603 PUBLIC SPEAKING AND READING. (A) Public Speaking. This course is designed to cover the subject of public address, with special reference to the preacher of the Gospel, and his audience. Particular attention will be given to the matters of voice, tone, manner, diction, and delivery. Text: Speaking in Public, Phelps. (B) Public Reading. A practical study of the principles of oral interpretation. Special attention is given to the public reading of the Scriptures, hymns, etc. Text: Vocal and Literary Interpretation of the Bible, Curry.

Prescribed, first year, two hours.

PROFESSOR SPANGLER.

PASTORAL THEOLOGY. The lecture method is used and practical exercises are conducted by the professor. The more important subjects covered are: pastoral visitation and counsel; the minister's problems, social, business and spiritual; the pastor's relation to the various activities of the church; administration of sacraments, marriages and funerals.

Prescribed, third year, three hours.

PROFESSOR CARROLL.

605 CHURCH POLITIES. The polities of the various evangelical denominations are described, and the Scripture teaching concerning the financing of the Lord's work is taught. Text: All Denominations, Phelan.

Prescribed, third year, one hour.

PROFESSOR CARROLL.

606 EVANGELISM. An exhaustive treatment of the principles governing effective evangelism, both public and personal. The threefold division of this course is as follows:
(A) The messengers; (B) the message; (C) the method.
Prescribed, third year, one hour.
PROFESSOR L. S. CHAFER.

VII. English Bible Exposition

This school of the curriculum offers an unusual training in the English Bible. Seven teachers, each internationally known as a Bible lecturer of power and spiritual insight, are employed to cover the whole Bible in three years in seriatim courses of one month each. The student not only profits by the analytic, synthetic and expository treatment given by these teachers, but he also has the opportunity to study their successful methods of presenting Bible doctrines to popular audiences. Each course is divided into seven portions, each portion occupying one month of the session. A written examination is

required at the close of each visiting teacher's course, an average of these monthly grades being taken for the course grade.

Dr. W. Irving Carroll is resident professor of this department. Associated with him are the following professors of the visiting faculty: Alex. B. Winchester, D.D., Pastor Extra Muros of Knox Presbyterian Church, Toronto, Canada; Bertram B. Sutcliffe, D.D., Portland, Oregon; Arno C. Gaebelein, D.D., Editor and Publicist, New York City; Herbert Mackenzie, D.D., Pastor of the Gospel Church and President of the Erieside Bible Conference, Cleveland, Ohio; and Henry A. Ironside, Litt.D., Pastor of the Moody Church, Chicago, Ill.

- 701 ENGLISH BIBLE. This course covers the books of Genesis to the Song of Solomon, inclusive.

 Prescribed, first year, eight hours.
- 702 ENGLISH BIBLE. This course continues the study from Isaiah to John's Gospel, inclusive.

 Prescribed, second year, eight hours.
- 703 ENGLISH BIBLE. Beginning with Acts, the remaining books of the New Testament are covered in this course. Prescribed, third year, eight hours.

SCHEDULE

Section 1: CLASS Junior Middle Senior	1931, September 29 to October 23. 1932,; September 27 to October 21. course Genesis Isaiah Acts	Visiting Professor
Section 2:	1931, October 27 to November 20. 1932, October 25 to November 18.	
Junior Middle Senior	Exodus, Leviticus Jeremiah, Lam., Ezekiel Romans	Visiting Professor
Section 3:	1931, November 24 to December 18. 1932, November 22 to December 16.	
Junior Middle Senior	Numbers, Deuteronomy	Professor Carroll
Section 4:	1932, January 5 to January 29. 1933, January 3 to January 27.	
Junior Middle Senior	Psalms	Visiting Professor

Section 5: 1932, February 2 to February 26. 1933, January 31 to February 24. Junior Joshua to 2 Samuel, inclusive
Middle Matthew Professor Carroll Senior 1 Thess. to Philemon, inclusive Visiting Professor
Section 6: 1932, March 1 to March 25.
1933, February 28 to March 24. Junior 1 Kings to Ezra, inclusive
Middle Mark, Luke Visiting Professor Senior Hebrews to 2 Peter, inclusive Professor Carroll
Section 7: 1932, April 5 to April 29. 1933, April 4 to April 28.
Junior Neh. to Song of Sol. (except Psalms)
Senior 1 John to Revelation, inclusive
711 SELECTED BIBLE THEMES. This course is made up of selected offerings by the members of the vis-
iting faculty, each section covering from four to eight weeks.
Subjects change from year to year. Elective, with a total credit of four hours.
712 STUDIES IN THE PROPHETIC SCRIPTURES. The plan of this course

712 STUDIES IN THE PROPHETIC SCRIPTURES. The plan of this course is the examination of the prophetic portions of Scripture with the view of laying a foundation for a broad understanding and working knowledge of the divine purpose as revealed therein. Elective, two hours.

PROFESSOR W. IRVING CARROLL.

VIII. Comparative Religions and Archaeology

the ancient pagan religious systems and the great non-Christian religions of the present day, Hinduism, Buddhism, Confucianism and Mohammedanism, but also careful attention is given to cults no less pagan masquerading under the name Christian at the present hour. At no point in this course is the Christian faith compromised by this comparative study, but rather its unique character as the only revealed truth of God, distinct from all religions, is kept inviolate before the mind of the student. Texts: Christianity and Non-Christian Religions Compared, Marshall; The Religions of the World, Burrell. Prescribed, first year, two hours.

ARCHÆOLOGY. An intensive course in the archæology of the Holy Land. This course of fifteen lectures is given within a space of three weeks in the first semester. Prescribed, first year, one hour.

PROFESSOR MELVIN GROVE KYLE.

811 ARCHÆOLOGY AND THE OLD TESTAMENT. The bearing of discoveries on the historicity of the Old Testament and the conditions under which it was written.

Elective, two hours.

MR. BROOMALL.

IX. Philosophy

- THE PHILOSOPHY OF THEISM. In the pursuit of a thorough training for the Christian ministry one finds onself confronted with the fundamental problems of reality and being, and especially man as a personal being. This course offers a sufficient explanation of the universe and an adequate theory of truth and life. The thesis is that the Bible provides the only adequate metaphysics in respect to man in all of his relations. Text: The Philosophical Basis of Theism, Harris.

 Elective, two hours, second semester, 1931-1932.

 PROFESSOR SPANGLER.
- 912 THE PHILOSOPHY OF THE CHRISTIAN RELIGION.

 Christianity is, essentially, not a religion but a supernatural life; and that, in all of its religious implications, it alone meets the needs, in entirety, of man's highest spiritual good. Text: The Philosophy of the Christian Religion, Fairbairn. Elective, two hours, first semester, 1932-1933.

 PROFESSOR SPANGLER.
- 913 CHRISTIAN ETHICS. In the domain of ethics there is much that is unsafe, untenable and false. No mere human ideal meets the highest needs of man's social being: no ideal short of the "man Christ Jesus" is adequate. Not the right, not the good, not any other abstract specification or norm, but a person who embraces all of the ultimate realities of being is of sufficient proportions to serve as an ideal. As preliminary, there is a brief study of the first principles, and psychology, of ethical theory: also a survey of the several schools in general ethics to discover their untenableness and inadequacy for the "walk" of the saint. The Bible, especially the Prophets and the New Testament, is set forth as the one sufficient rule of life. Text: Christian Ethics, Davidson.

 Elective, two hours, second semester, 1932-1933.

 PROFESSOR SPANGLER.
- 914 LOGIC. The need of a training in Logic, as preparatory to the study of Hermeneutics, is quite imperative; and for those who have not had such previous training this course is

provided. The basic facts and principles of both deductive and inductive Logic are carefully studied. For additional information reference may be had to the description of courses under the caption, Hermeneutics. Text: *Logic*, Hibben, Elective, two hours.

PROFESSOR SPANGLER.

$\Diamond\Diamond\Diamond$

TERMS OF ADMISSION

It is the aim of the College to maintain a high standard of reverent scholarship. Students planning to enter the Christian ministry are urged to complete, whenever practicable, a regular classical course at some Christian college. An applicant for admission to matriculation and enrollment as a student in the College must present to the Registrar the following credentials:

1. A student applying for admission by letter and not known by any member of the faculty should present the names of pastors or others of known Christian standing to whom inquiries may be sent concerning the following: Evidence that the applicant is born again, is yielded to the will of God, and is endowed with ministry gifts.

2. A college diploma or an equivalent certificate of the completion of a regular academic course. Exceptions to this rule, necessarily few in number, are confined to experienced Christian workers who give evidence of possessing the natural gifts and literary proficiency required for a satisfactory pursuit of a course in theology. The number of such admissions will be determined by available room space.

DIPLOMAS, CERTIFICATES AND DEGREES

On completion of the prescribed course of study with satisfactory grades students who hold the degree of A.B. or its academic equivalent receive a diploma carrying the degree of Bachelor of Theology (Th.B.). Students who have not taken full college training, but complete this course satisfactorily, receive a diploma without degree. A student who takes a part of this course passing the required grades may receive a certificate specifying the work completed.

THE GRADUATE SCHOOL

Courses of study leading to the degrees of Master of Theology (Th.M.) and Doctor of Theology (Th.D.) are provided. Men who have had both regular academic and seminary training and hold the degrees of A.B. and B.D., or their respective academic and theological equivalents, may be candidates for the graduate course degrees, provided in all cases such candidates have included in their theological training courses satisfying standard requirements in Hebrew and Greek.

Master of Theology Degree

Thirty semester hours of class room and thesis work are required for the completion of the course leading to the Th.M. degree, apportioned as follows: twenty semester hours to be devoted to a major subject in the general field of one of the following departments of the curriculum: namely, Systematic Theology, Semitic Languages and Old Testament Exegesis, New Testament Literature and Exegesis, and Sacred History. These twenty hours apportioned to the major shall be divided into a minimum of fourteen semester hours of class room work and six semester hours to be credited for a satisfactory thesis on a subject chosen from the field of the major. The thesis, which must be characterized by literary excellence, shall contain not less than 10,000 words. Minor subjects covering not less than ten semester hours shall be chosen from any major departments of the curriculum not related to the major subject. The thesis, which must be typewritten and bound, shall become the property of the College.

Doctor of Theology Degree

Candidates for the degree of Th.D. must meet the following requirements:

- 1. The applicant must hold an A.B. degree, or its academic equivalent, and the B.D. degree, or its theological equivalent.
- 2. The applicant who holds these prerequisite degrees must complete a minimum of three years of additional work before receiving the Th.D. degree, two years of which must be taken in residence with the privilege of taking the third year in absentia. The work of the first year consists of the course leading to the Th.M. degree, or the equivalent amount of graduate work, the Th.M. degree itself not being prerequisite to the Th.D. degree. The second year consists of seminar and research work in the field of the major subject to which a minimum of sixteen semester hours must be devoted, with eight semester hours covering the minor subjects chosen from departments of the curriculum other than that from which the major is chosen.
- 3. A minimum of one year must be devoted to resident study in the College. Transfer credits from standard orthodox seminaries will be accepted to satisfy the residence requirements other than the minimum of one year required by the College. For example, a candidate who has fulfilled with honor the requirements of a year of graduate study in any acceptable seminary may pursue the second year of residence study at the College, with the privilege of finishing the work of the third year in absentia; or, in case two years of graduate study have been completed in one or two acceptable institutions, the candidate must waive the privilege of doing any part of the work in absentia, excepting that he may have the privilege of completing his dissertation after finishing the third year, in which

EVANGELICAL THEOLOGICAL COLLEGE BULLETIN

case the degree will not be granted before the following Commencement.

- 4. An exhaustive oral examination will be required in the field of the major subject conducted before a committee of the Faculty by the professor in whose department the work is taken. Satisfactory written examinations shall satisfy the requirements of the minor subjects.
- 5. In addition to completing the courses leading to the oral and written examinations, each applicant is required to write a dissertation of not less than 50,000 words. The subject shall be chosen by the applicant in consultation with the major professor, and its development must show thorough preparation and excellent literary form. The dissertation must be filed with the major professor thirty days prior to the granting of the degree. A typewritten copy of this dissertation, properly bound, must be filed in the archives of the College and becomes the property of this institution. Should the applicant desire to publish the dissertation, he will be allowed to do so under conditions adopted by the Board of Regents.
- 6. The major study and subject of the dissertation may be chosen only under the rules governing this course. Minors shall be chosen from the elective courses of any of the other main divisions of the curriculum not related to the major.
- 7. No candidate for the degree of Doctor of Theology shall be allowed to receive this honor from the College who does not hold the system of truth essentially as set forth in the Doctrinal Statement of the College.

$\Diamond \Diamond \Diamond$

DOCTRINAL STATEMENT

ARTICLE I—The Scriptures

We believe that "all Scripture is given by inspiration of God," by which we understand the whole Bible, and in the sense that "the words" of the sacred writing were communicated by the Spirit of God to holy men of old; and that this divine inspiration extends equally and fully to all parts of these writings—historical, poetical, doctrinal, and prophetical—as appeared in the original manuscripts. We believe that all the Scriptures center about the Lord Jesus Christ in His Person and work and in His first and second coming, and hence that no portion, even of the Old Testament, is properly read, or understood, until it leads to Him. We also believe that all the Scriptures were designed for our practical instruction. (Mark 12:26, 36; 13:11; Luke 24:27, 44; John 5:39; Acts 1:16; 17:2-3; 18:28; 26:22, 23; 28:23; Rom. 15:4; I Cor. 2:13; 10:11; II Tim. 3:16; II Pet. 1:21.)

ARTICLE II—The Godhead

We believe that the Godhead eternally exists in three Persons—the Father, the Son, and the Holy Spirit—and that these three are one God; having precisely the same nature, attributes, and perfections, and worthy of precisely the same homago, confidence, and obedience. (Matt. 28:19, 20; Mark 12:29; John 1:1-4; Acts 5:3, 4; II Cor. 13:14; Heb. 1:1-3; Rev. 1:4-6.)

ARTICLE III—Man Created and Fallen

We believe that man was originally created in the image and after the likeness of God, and that he fell through sin, and, as a consequence of his sin, lost his spiritual life, becoming dead in trespasses and sins, and that he became subject to the power of the devil. We also believe that this spiritual death, or total depravity of human nature, has been transmitted to the entire human race of man, the Man Christ Jesus alone being excepted; and hence that every child of Adam is born into the world with a nature which not only possesses no spark of Divine life, but is essentially and unchangeably bad. (Gen. 1:26; 2:17; 6:5; Psa. 14:1-3; 51:5; Jer. 17:9; John 3:6; 5:40; 6:53; Rom. 3:10-19; 8:6, 7; Eph. 2:1-3; I Tim. 5:6; I John 3:8.)

ARTICLE IV—The First Advent

We believe that, as provided and purposed by God and as preannounced in the prophecies of the Scriptures, the Eternal Son of God came into this world that He might manifest God to men, fulfill prophecy, and become the Redeemer of a lost world. To this end He was born of the virgin, and received a human body and a sinless human nature. (John 1:18; 3:16; Luke 1:30-35; Heb. 4:15.)

We believe that, on the human side, He became and remained a perfect man, but sinless throughout His life; yet He retained His absolute Deity, being at the same time very God and very man, and that His earth life was sometimes functioned within the sphere of that which was human and sometimes within the sphere of that which was divine. (Luke 2:40; John 1:1, 2; Phil. 2:5-8.)

We believe that He came first to Israel as her Messiah-King, and that, being rejected of that nation, He, according to the eternal counsels of God, gave His life as a ransom for all. (John 1:11; Acts 2:22-24; I Tim. 2:6.)

We believe that, in infinite love for the lost, He voluntarily accepted His Father's will and became the divinely provided sacrificial Lamb and took away the sin of the world; bearing the holy judgments against sin which the righteousness of God must impose. His death was, therefore, substitutionary in the most absolute sense—the Just for the unjust—and by His death He became the Saviour of the lost. (Heb. 10:5-14; John 1:29; Rom. 3:25, 26; II Cor. 5:14; I Pet. 3:18.)

50

We believe that He arose from the dead, according to the Scriptures, and in the same body, though glorified, in which He had lived and died, and that His resurrection body is the pattern of that body which, at the return of Christ, will be given to all resurrected believers. (John 20:20; Phil. 3:20.)

We believe that, on departing from the earth, He was accepted of His Father and that His acceptance is a final assurance to us that His redeeming work was perfectly accomplished. (Heb. 1:3.)

We believe that He became Head over all things to the Church which is His body, and in this ministry He ceases not to intercede and advocate for the saved. (Eph. 1:22, 23; Heb. 7:25; I John 2:1.)

ARTICLE V-Salvation Only Through Christ

We believe that, owing to universal death through sin, no one can enter the kingdom of God unless born again; and that no degree of reformation however great, no attainments in morality however high, no culture however attractive, no baptism or other ordinance however administered, can help the sinner to take even one step toward heaven: but a new nature imparted from above, a new life implanted by the Holy Spirit through the Word, is absolutely essential to salvation, and only those thus saved are sons of God. We believe, also, that our redemption has been accomplished solely by the blood of our Lord Jesus Christ, who was made to be sin and was made a curse for us, dying in our room and stead; and that no repentance, no sincere efforts, no submission to the rules and regulations of any church, nor all the churches that have existed since the days of the Apostles. can add in the very least degree to the value of the blood, or to the merit of the finished work wrought for us by Him who united in His Person true and proper Deity with perfect and sinless humanity. (Lev. 17:11; Isa. 64:6; Matt. 26:28; John 3:5, 18; Rom. 5:6-9; II Cor. 5:21; Gal. 3:13; 6:15; Eph. 1:7; Phil. 3:4-9; Titus 3:5; Jas. 1:18; I Pet. 1:18, 19, 23.)

We believe that the new birth of the believer comes only through faith in Christ and that repentance is a vital part of believing, and is in no way, in itself, a separate and independent condition of salvation; nor are any other acts, such as confession, baptism, prayer, or faithful service, to be added to believing as a condition of salvation. (John 1:12; 3:16, 18, 36; 5:24; 6:29; Acts 13:39; 16:31; Rom. 1:18; 3:22, 26; 4:5; 10:4; Gal. 3:22.)

ARTICLE VI-The Extent of Salvation

We believe that when an unregenerate person exercises that faith in Christ which is illustrated in and described as such in the New Testament, he passes forthwith out of spiritual death into spiritual life, and from the old creation into the new; being justified from all things, accepted before the Father according as Christ His Son is accepted, loved as Christ is loved, having His place and portion as linked to Him and one with Him forever. And though the saved one may have occasion to grow in the realization of his blessings and to know a fuller measure of divine power through yielding of his life more fully to God, he is, as soon as he is saved, in possession of every spiritual blessing and absolutely complete in Christ, and is, therefore, in no way required by God to seek a so called "second blessing," or a "second work of grace." (John 5:24; 17:23; Acts 13:39; Rom. 5:1; I Cor. 3:21; Eph. 1:3; Col. 2:10; I John 4:17; 5:11, 12.)

ARTICLE VII—Sanctification

We believe that sanctification, which is a setting-apart unto God, is three-fold: It is already complete for every saved person because his position toward God is the same as Christ's position. Since the believer is in Christ, he is set apart unto God in the measure in which Christ is set apart unto God. We believe, likewise, that, while the standing of the Christian is thus perfect in Christ, his present state is as imperfect as his experience in daily life. There is, therefore, a progressive sanctification wherein the Christian is to "grow in grace," and to "be changed" by the unhindered power of the Spirit. We believe, also, that the child of God will yet be fully sanctified in his state as he is now sanctified in his standing in Christ when he shall see his Lord and shall be "like Him." (Heb. 10:10, 14; Eph. 4:24; John 17:17; Eph. 5:25-27; I Thes. 5:23; II Cor. 7:1; 3:18; Heb. 12:10.)

ARTICLE VIII—Eternal Security

We believe that, because of the eternal purpose of God toward the objects of His love; because of His freedom to exercise grace toward the meritless on the ground of the propitiatory blood of Christ; because of the prayer of the Son of God while here on earth; because of the very nature of the divine gift of eternal life; because of the present and unending intercession and advocacy of Christ in heaven; because of the immutability of the unchangeable covenants of God; because of the regenerating, abiding presence of the Holy Spirit in the hearts of all who are saved; we, and all true believers everywhere, once saved, shall be kept saved forever. We believe, howver, that God is a holy and righteous Father and that, since He cannot overlook the sin of His children, He will, when they persistently sin, chasten them and correct them in infinite love; but having undertaken to save them and keep them forever apart from all human merit, He, who cannot fail, will, in the end, present them, every one. faultless before the presence of His glory, and conformed to the image of His Son. (John 5:24; 10:28; 13:1; 17:11; 14:16, 17; Rom. 8:29; I Cor. 6:19; Heb. 7:25; I John 2:1, 2; 5:13; Jude 24.)

ARTICLE IX—Assurance

We believe it is the privilege, not only of some, but of all who are born again by the Spirit through faith in Christ as revealed in the Scriptures, to be assured of their salvation from the very day they take Him to be their Saviour; and that this assurance is not founded upon any fancied discovery of their own worthiness or fitness, but wholly upon the testimony of God in His written Word, exciting within His children filial love, gratitude, and obedience. (Luke 10:20; 21:32; II Cor. 5:1, 6-8; Heb. 10:22; II Tim. 1:12; I John 5:13.)

ARTICLE X—The Holy Spirit

We believe that the Holy Spirit, the third Person of the Blessed Trinity, though Omnipresent from all eternity, took up His abode in the world in a special sense on the Day of Pentecost according to the divine promise, and that He now dwells in each and all believers thus uniting them to Christ in one body, and that He, as the Indwelling One, is the source of all power and all acceptable worship and service. We believe that He never takes His departure from the Church, nor from the feeblest of the saints; but is ever present to testify of Christ, seeking to occupy believers with Him, and not with themselves, nor with their experiences. We believe that His abode in the world in this special sense will cease when the Church is completed and when Christ comes to receive His own. (John 14:16, 17; 16:7-15; I Cor. 6:19; Eph. 2:22; II Thes. 2:7.)

We believe that, in this age, certain well-defined ministries are committed to the Holy Spirit, and that it is the duty of every Christian to understand these and to be adjusted to them in his own life and experience. These ministries are: The restraining of evil in the world to the measure of the divine will; the convicting of the world respecting sin, righteousness, and judgment; the regenerating of all believers; the indwelling of all who are saved; the baptizing into the one body of Christ of all who are saved; the anointing of believers to teach them all truth; the sealing of believers unto the day of redemption; and the continued filling for power and service of those among the saved who are yielded to Him and who are subject to His will. (II Thes. 2:7; John 16:7-11; 3:6; Rom. 8:9; I Cor. 12:13; Eph. 4:30; 5:18; I John 2:20-27.)

ARTICLE XI-The Church a Unity of Believers

We believe that all who are united to the risen and ascended Son of God are members of the Church which is the Body and Bride of Christ—regardless of membership or non-membership in the organized churches of earth; that by the same Spirit we are baptized into, and thus become, one body that is Christ's, whether we are Jews or Gentiles, and having become members one of another, we, and all Christians, are under solemn duty to keep the unity of the Spirit in

the bond of peace, rising above all sectarian differences, and loving one another with a pure heart fervently. (Matt. 16:16-18; Acts 2:42-47; Rom. 12:5; I Cor. 12:12-27; Eph. 1:20-23; 4:3-10; Col. 3:14, 15.)

ARTICLE XII—The Christian's Walk

We believe that we are called with an holy calling, to walk not after the flesh, but after the Spirit, and so to live in the power of the indwelling Spirit that we will not fulfill the lust of the flesh. But the flesh with its fallen, Adamic nature, which in this life is never eradicated, being with us to the end of our earthly pilgrimage, needs to be kept by the Spirit constantly in subjection to Christ, or it will surely manifest its presence in our lives to the dishonor of our Lord. (Rom. 6:11-13; 8:2, 4, 12, 13; Gal. 5:16-23; Eph. 4:22-24; Col. 2:1-10; I Pet. 1:14-16; I John 1:4-7; 3:5-9.)

ARTICLE XIII—The Christian's Service

We believe that divine, enabling gifts for service are bestowed by the Spirit upon all who are saved, and that, while there is a diversity of gifts, they, each and all, are energized by the same Spirit, and that, while each believer is called to his own divinely appointed service as the Spirit may will, there are certain ministry gifts—Apostles, Prophets, Evangelists, Pastors, and Teachers, and that these are appointed by God for the perfecting of the saints unto their work of the ministry. We therefore believe that some men are especially called of God to this high and holy calling, and that it is to the fulfilling of His will and to His eternal glory that these shall be sustained and encouraged in their service for God. (Rom. 12:6; I Cor. 12:4-11; Eph. 4:11.)

We believe that, wholly apart from salvation benefits which are bestowed equally upon all who believe, rewards are promised according to the faithfulness of each believer in his service for his Lord, and that these rewards will be bestowed at the appearing of Christ when He comes to receive His own to Himself. (I Cor. 3:9-13; 9:18-27; II Cor. 5:10.)

ARTICLE XIV—The Great Commission

We believe that it is the explicit message of our Lord Jesus Christ to those whom He has saved that they are sent forth by Him into the world even as He was sent forth of His Father into the world, and that, after they are saved, they are divinely reckoned to be related to this world as strangers and pilgrims, ambassadors and witnesses, and that their primary purpose in life should be to make Christ known to the whole world. (Matt. 28:18, 19; Mark 16:15; John 17:18; II Cor. 5:18:20; I Pet. 1:17; 2:11.)

ARTICLE XV—Angels, Fallen and Unfallen

We believe that God created an innumerable company of sinless, spiritual beings, known as angels; that one—"Lucifer, son of the morning"—the highest in rank, sinned through pride, thereby becoming Satan; that a great company of the angels followed him in his moral fall, some of whom became demons and are active as his agents and associates in the prosecution of his unholy purposes, while others who fell are "reserved in chains under darkness unto the judgment of the great day." (Ezek. 28:11-19; Isa. 14:12-17; I Tim. 3:6; II Pet. 2:4; Jude 6.)

We believe that Satan is the originator of sin, and that, under the permission of God, he, through subtlety, led our first parents into transgression, thereby accomplishing their moral fall and subjecting them and their posterity to his own power; that he is the enemy of God and the people of God, opposing and exalting himself above all that is called God or that is worshipped; and that he who in the beginning said, "I will be like the Most High," in his warfare appears as an angel of light, even counterfeiting the works of God by fostering religious movements and systems of doctrine, which systems in every case are characterized by a denial of the efficacy of the blood of Christ and of salvation by grace alone. (Gen. 3:1-19; Rom. 5:12-14; II Cor. 11:13-15; I Tim. 4:1-3; II Cor. 4:3-4; II Thes. 2:4; Eph. 6:10-12.)

We believe that Satan was judged at the cross, though not then executed, and that he, a usurper, now rules as the "god of this world;" that, at the second coming of Christ, Satan will be bound and cast into the abyss for a thousand years, and after the thousand years he will be loosed for a little season and then "cast into the lake of fire and brimstone," where he shall be "tormented day and night forever and ever." (Col. 2:15; Rev. 20:1-3, 10.)

We believe that a great company of angels kept their holy estate and are before the throne of God, from whence they are sent forth as ministering spirits to minister for them who shall be heirs of salvation. (Luke 15:10; Rev. 7:12; Heb. 1:14; Eph. 1:21.)

We believe that man was made lower than the angels; and that, in His incarnation, Christ took, "for a little" (time), this lower place, that He might lift the believer to His own sphere above the angels .(Heb. 2:6-10.)

ARTICLE XVI—The Blessed Hope

We believe that, according to the Word of God, the next great event in the fulfillment of prophecy will be the coming of Christ into the air to receive to Himself both His own who are alive and remain unto His coming, and also all who have fallen asleep in Jesus, and that this event is the blessed hope set before us in the the bond of peace, rising above all sectarian differences, and loving one another with a pure heart fervently. (Matt. 16:16-18; Acts 2:42-47; Rom. 12:5; I Cor. 12:12-27; Eph. 1:20-23; 4:3-10; Col. 3:14, 15.)

ARTICLE XII-The Christian's Walk

We believe that we are called with an holy calling, to walk not after the flesh, but after the Spirit, and so to live in the power of the indwelling Spirit that we will not fulfill the lust of the flesh. But the flesh with its fallen, Adamic nature, which in this life is never eradicated, being with us to the end of our earthly pilgrimage, needs to be kept by the Spirit constantly in subjection to Christ, or it will surely manifest its presence in our lives to the dishonor of our Lord. (Rom. 6:11-13; 8:2, 4, 12, 13; Gal. 5:16-23; Eph. 4:22-24; Col. 2:1-10; I Pet. 1:14-16; I John 1:4-7; 3:5-9.)

ARTICLE XIII—The Christian's Service

We believe that divine, enabling gifts for service are bestowed by the Spirit upon all who are saved, and that, while there is a diversity of gifts, they, each and all, are energized by the same Spirit, and that, while each believer is called to his own divinely appointed service as the Spirit may will, there are certain ministry gifts—Apostles, Prophets, Evangelists, Pastors, and Teachers, and that these are appointed by God for the perfecting of the saints unto their work of the ministry. We therefore believe that some men are especially called of God to this high and holy calling, and that it is to the fulfilling of His will and to His eternal glory that these shall be sustained and encouraged in their service for God. (Rom. 12:6; I Cor. 12:4-11; Eph. 4:11.)

We believe that, wholly apart from salvation benefits which are bestowed equally upon all who believe, rewards are promised according to the faithfulness of each believer in his service for his Lord, and that these rewards will be bestowed at the appearing of Christ when He comes to receive His own to Himself. (I Cor. 3:9-13; 9:18-27; II Cor. 5:10.)

ARTICLE XIV—The Great Commission

We believe that it is the explicit message of our Lord Jesus Christ to those whom He has saved that they are sent forth by Him into the world even as He was sent forth of His Father into the world, and that, after they are saved, they are divinely reckoned to be related to this world as strangers and pilgrims, ambassadors and witnesses, and that their primary purpose in life should be to make Christ known to the whole world. (Matt. 28:18, 19; Mark 16:15; John 17:18; II Cor. 5:18-20; I Pet. 1:17; 2:11.)

ARTICLE XV—Angels, Fallen and Unfallen

We believe that God created an innumerable company of sinless, spiritual beings, known as angels; that one—"Lucifer, son of the morning"—the highest in rank, sinned through pride, thereby becoming Satan; that a great company of the angels followed him in his moral fall, some of whom became demons and are active as his agents and associates in the prosecution of his unholy purposes, while others who fell are "reserved in chains under darkness unto the judgment of the great day." (Ezek. 28:11-19; Isa. 14:12-17; I Tim. 3:6; II Pet. 2:4; Jude 6.)

We believe that Satan is the originator of sin, and that, under the permission of God, he, through subtlety, led our first parents into transgression, thereby accomplishing their moral fall and subjecting them and their posterity to his own power; that he is the enemy of God and the people of God, opposing and exalting himself above all that is called God or that is worshipped; and that he who in the beginning said, "I will be like the Most High," in his warfare appears as an angel of light, even counterfeiting the works of God by fostering religious movements and systems of doctrine, which systems in every case are characterized by a denial of the efficacy of the blood of Christ and of salvation by grace alone. (Gen. 3:1-19; Rom. 5:12-14; II Cor. 11:13-15; I Tim. 4:1-3; II Cor. 4:3-4; II Thes. 2:4; Eph. 6:10-12.)

We believe that Satan was judged at the cross, though not then executed, and that he, a usurper, now rules as the "god of this world;" that, at the second coming of Christ, Satan will be bound and cast into the abyss for a thousand years, and after the thousand years he will be loosed for a little season and then "cast into the lake of fire and brimstone," where he shall be "tormented day and night forever and ever." (Col. 2:15; Rev. 20:1-3, 10.)

We believe that a great company of angels kept their holy estate and are before the throne of God, from whence they are sent forth as ministering spirits to minister for them who shall be heirs of salvation. (Luke 15:10; Rev. 7:12; Heb. 1:14; Eph. 1:21.)

We believe that man was made lower than the angels; and that, in His incarnation, Christ took, "for a little" (time), this lower place, that He might lift the believer to His own sphere above the angels .(Heb. 2:6-10.)

ARTICLE XVI—The Blessed Hope

We believe that, according to the Word of God, the next great event in the fulfillment of prophecy will be the coming of Christ into the air to receive to Himself both His own who are alive and remain unto His coming, and also all who have fallen asleep in Jesus, and that this event is the blessed hope set before us in the Gospel, and for this we should be constantly looking. We believe, next, that the taking away of the saved ones will be followed by The Great Tribulation in the earth, which was predicted by our Lord, and that finally He will bring to end that time of judgment for the whole earth by His own glorious appearing. (John 14:1-3; I Cor. 15:51, 52; Phil. 3:20; I Thes. 4:13-18; Titus 2:11-14; II Thes. 2:7-10; Matt. 24:29-31.)

ARTICLE XVII—The Second Coming of Christ

We believe that the world will not be converted previous to the second coming of Christ, but is day by day ripening for judgment, and that this dispensation will end with a fearful apostasy in the professing church, and that, following the period of The Great Tribulation in the earth, the Lord Jesus Christ will return as He went—in Person, on the clouds of heaven, and with power and great glory—to introduce the millennial age, to restore Israel to her own land and to give her the realization of God's covenant promises, to bind Satan and place him in the abyss, to bring the whole world to the knowledge of God, and to lift the curse which now rests upon the whole creation. (Matt. 24:15-25:46; Acts 15:16, 17; I Tim. 4:1-3; II Tim. 3:1-5; Deut. 30:1-10; Ezk. 37:21-28; Rom. 11:25-27; Rev. 10:1-3; Isa. 11:9; Rom. 8:19-23.)

ARTICLE XVIII—The Eternal State

We believe that, at death, the spirits and souls of those who have trusted in the Lord Jesus Christ for salvation pass immediately into His presence and there remain in conscious bliss until the resurrection of the glorified body when Christ comes for His own, whereupon soul and body reunited shall be associated with Him forever in glory; but the spirits and souls of the unbelieving remain after death conscious of condemnation and in misery until the final judgment of the great white throne at the close of the millennium, when soul and body reunited shall be cast into the lake of fire, not to be annihilated, but to be punished with everlasting destruction from the presence of the Lord, and from the glory of His power. (Luke 16:19-26; 23:42; II Cor. 5:8; Phil. 1:23; II Thes. 1:7-9; Jude 6, 7; Rev. 20:11-15.)



